Daer Wind Farm

Issue	Date	Revision Details	
1234169B	10/02/2021	Released	

Appendix 6.1

Technical Appendix Ecology

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List of Abbreviations

List and describe your abbreviations here.

Abbreviation	Description
AYR-LBAP	Ayr Local Biodiversity Action Plan
DGLBAP09	Dumfries and Galloway Local Biodiversity Action Plant 2009
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
GMBRC	Glasgow Museums Biological Record Centre
HabRegs	The Conservation of Habitat and Species Regulations 2017
SBL	Scottish Biodiversity List
SWSEIC	South West Scotland Environmental Information Centre
UKBAP	UK Biodiversity List
WCA	The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981



6.1. INTRODUCTION

- A6.1.1. This Technical Appendix presents the following information in support of the Ecology Chapter 6 of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for the Proposed Development:
 - Existing non-confidential ecology records within a 5 km radius (10 km for bats) of the original site boundary, held by the South West Scotland Environmental Information Centre (SWSEIC) and Glasgow Museums Biological Record Centre (GMBRC);
 - Details of habitat surveys carried out by Natural Power; and
 - Details of protected mammal surveys carried out by Natural Power

6.2. LATIN NAMES

A6.2.1. Latin names of all animal species referred to in Chapter 6: Ecology are given in Table 1, Latin names of all plant and lichen species referred to in Chapter 6 are given in Table 2.

Table 1: Latin names of animal species referred to in Chapter 6

Taxon group	Scientific Name	Common Name
Amphibian	Bufo bufo	Common Toad
Amphibian	Lissotriton helveticus	Palmate Newt
Amphibian	Lissotriton vulgaris	Smooth Newt
Amphibian	Rana temporaria	Common Frog
Reptile	Anguis fragilis	Slow-worm
Reptile	Vipera berus	Adder
Reptile	Zootoca vivipara	Common Lizard
Terrestrial Mammal	Erinaceus europaeus	Hedgehog
Terrestrial Mammal	Lepus europaeus	Brown Hare
Terrestrial Mammal	Lepus timidus	Mountain Hare
Terrestrial Mammal	Lutra lutra	Otter
Terrestrial Mammal	Meles meles	Badger
Terrestrial Mammal	Sciurus carolinensis	Grey Squirrel
Terrestrial Mammal	Sciurus vulgaris	Red Squirrel
Terrestrial Mammal	Arvicola amphibius	Water Vole
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Myotis sp.	Mouse-eared bat species
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Myotis daubentonii	Daubenton's Bat
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Myotis mystacinus/brandtii	Whiskered/Brandt's Bat
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Myotis nattereri	Natterer's Bat
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Nyctalus sp.	Noctule bat species
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Nyctalus leisleri	Leisler's bat/Lesser Noctule
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Nyctalus noctula	Common Noctule
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Pipistrellus sp.	Pipistrelle Bat species
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Pipistrellus nathusii	Nathusius' Pipistrelle

Taxon group	Scientific Name	Common Name
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Pipistrellus pipistrellus	Common Pipistrelle
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Pipistrellus pygmaeus	Soprano Pipistrelle
Terrestrial Mammal - bat	Plecotus auritus	Brown Long-eared Bat
Insect - Butterfly	Boloria selene	Small Pearl-bordered Fritillary
Insect - Butterfly	Coenonympha pamphilus	Small Heath
Insect - Butterfly	Coenonympha tullia	Large Heath
Insect - Butterfly	Nymphalis polychloros	Large Tortoiseshell
Insect - Moth	Acronicta rumicis	Knot Grass
Insect - Moth	Arctia caja	Garden Tiger
Insect - Moth	Caradrina morpheus	Mottled Rustic
Insect - Moth	Celaena haworthii	Haworth's Minor
Insect - Moth	Diarsia rubi	Small Square-spot
Insect - Moth	Ecliptopera silaceata	Small Phoenix
Insect - Moth	Eugnorisma glareosa	Autumnal Rustic
Insect - Moth	Hydraecia micacea	Rosy Rustic
Insect - Moth	Melanchra persicariae	Dot Moth
Insect - Moth	Scotopteryx chenopodiata	Shaded Broad-bar
Insect - Moth	Spilosoma lubricipeda	White Ermine
Insect - Moth	Spilosoma lutea	Buff Ermine
Insect - Moth	Tyria jacobaeae	Cinnabar
Insect - Moth	Xanthorhoe decoloraria	Red Carpet
Insect - Dragonfly (Odonata)	Coenagrion pulchellum	Variable Damselfly
Insect - Hymenopteran	Bombus monticola	Bilberry (Blaeberry) Bumblebee
Insect - Beetle (Coleoptera)	Cyphon punctipennis	insect - beetle (Coleoptera)

Table 2: Latin names of plant and lichen species referred to in Chapter 6

Common Name	Scientific Name	Туре
Grass of Parnassus	Parnassia palustris	Herb
Yarrow	Achillea millefolium	Herb
Sneezewort	Achillea ptarmica	Herb
Bugle	Ajuga reptans	Herb
Wild Angelica	Angelica sylvestris	Herb
Heather	Calluna vulgaris	Herb
Marsh marigold	Caltha palustris	Herb
Harebell	Campanula rotundifolia	Herb
Cuckooflower	Cardamine pratensis	Herb
Common Knapweed	Centaura nigra	Herb
Common Mouse-ear	Cerastium fontanum	Herb



Туре	Scientific Name	Common Name
Herb	Chamaenerion angustifolium	Rosebay willowherb
Herb	Chrysosplenium oppositifolium	Opposite-leaved Golden-saxifrage
Herb	Cirsium palustre	Marsh Thistle
Herb	Drosera rotundifolia	Round-leaved sundew
Herb	Empetrum nigrum	Crowberry
Herb	Epilobium anagallidifolium	Alpine Willowherb
Herb	Epilobium montanum	Broad-leaved Willowherb
Herb	Erica cinerea	Bell Heather
Herb	Erica tetralix	Cross-leaved Heather
Herb	Fallopia japonica	Japanese Knotweed
Herb	Filipendula ulmaria	Meadowsweet
Herb	Galium palustre	Marsh Bedstraw
Herb	Galium saxatile	Heath Bedstraw
Herb	Geum rivale	Water avens
Herb	Hypericum elodes	Marsh St John's-wort
Herb	Impatiens glandulifera	Indian Balsam
Herb	Linum catharticum	Fairy Flax
Herb	Lotus uliginosus	Greater bird's-foot trefoil
Herb	Lynchnis flos-cuculi	Ragged robin
Herb	Lysimachia nemorum	Yellow Pimpernel
Herb	Montia fontana	Blinks
Herb	Myosotis laxa	Tufted Forget-me-not
Herb	Myosotis secunda	Creeping forget-me-not
Herb	Myosotis stolonifera	Pale Forget-me-not
Herb	Narthecium ossifragum	Bog Asphodel
Herb	Oxalis acetosella	Wood-sorrel
Herb	Pedicularis palustris	Marsh Lousewort
Herb	Pilosella officinarum	Mouse-ear-hawkweed
Herb	Pinguicula vulgaris	Common Butterwort
Herb	Plantago lanceolata	Ribwort Plantain
Herb	Plantago major	Broadleaf plantain
Herb	Polygala serpyllifolia	Heath Milkwort
Herb	Potamogeton polygonifolius	Bog Pondweed
Herb	Potamogeton sp.	Pondweed
Herb	Potentilla erecta	Tormentil
Herb	Potentilla palustris	Marsh cinquefoil
Herb	Primula vulgaris	Common primrose

Туре	Scientific Name	Common Name
Herb	Prunella vulgaris	Selfheal
Herb	Ranunculus acris	Meadow Buttercup
Herb	Ranunculus flammula	Lesser Spearwort
Herb	Ranunculus omiophyllus	Round-leaved Crowfoot
Herb	Ranunculus repens	Creeping Buttercup
Herb	Rubus chamaemorus	Cloudberry
Herb	Rumex acetosa	Common Sorrel
Herb	Saxifraga stellaris	Starry Saxifrage
Herb	Stachys palustris	Marsh woundwort
Herb	Stellaria alsine	Bog Stitchwort
Herb	Succisa pratensis	Devil's-bit Scabious
Herb	Teucrium scorodonia	Woodland germander
Herb	Thymus polytrichus	Wild Thyme
Herb	Thymus praecox	Wild Thyme
Herb	Trifolium repens	White Clover
Herb	Tussilago farfara	Coltsfoot
Herb	Vaccinium myrtillus	Bilberry
Herb	Vaccinium oxycoccos	Cranberry
Herb	Vaccinium uliginosum	Bog bilberry
Herb	Vaccinium vitis-idaea	Cowberry
Herb	Valeriana officinalis	Valerian
Herb	Verbena officinalis	Common verbena
Herb	Veronica montana	Wood speedwell
Herb	Viola palustris	Marsh Violet
Herb	Viola riviniana	Common Dog-violet
Conifer	Juniperus communis	Juniper
Conifer	Pinus sylvestris	Scots pine
Tree/shrub	Salix aurita	Eared willow
Tree/shrub	Salix cinerea	Grey willow
Tree/shrub	Alnus glutinosa	Black alder
Tree/shrub	Crataegus sp.	Hawthorn species
Grass	Agrostis capillaris	Common Bent
Grass	Anthoxanthum odoratum	Sweet Vernal-grass
Grass	Arrhenatherum elatius	False oat-grass
Grass	Briza media	Quaking-grass
Grass	Deschampsia cespitosa	Tufted Hairgrass
Grass	Deschampsia flexuosa	Wavy Hair-grass



Туре	Scientific Name	Common Name
Grass	Festuca ovina	Sheep's Fescue
Grass	Festuca rubra	Red Fescue
Grass	Festuca vivipara	Viviparous sheep's-fescue
Grass	Holcus lanatus	Yorkshire Fog
Grass	Molinia caerulea	Purple Moor-grass
Grass	Nardus stricta	Mat-grass
Sedge	Carex dioica	Dioecious Sedge
Sedge	Carex echinata	Star Sedge
Sedge	Carex flacca	Glaucous Sedge
Sedge	Carex lasiocarpa	Slender Sedge
Sedge	Carex nigra	Common Sedge
Sedge	Carex panicea	Carnation Sedge
Sedge	Carex pulicaris	Flea Sedge
Sedge	Carex rostrata	Bottle Sedge
Sedge	Carex viridula	Little Green Sedge
Sedge	Eriophorum angustifolium	Common Cottongrass
Sedge	Eriophorum vaginatum	Hare's-tail Cottongrass
Sedge	Scirpus cespitosus (Trichophorum cespitosum)	Deergrass
Sedge	Trichophorum cespitosum	Deergrass
Sedge	Trichophorum germanicum	Deergrass
Rush	Juncus acutiflorus	Sharp-flowered Rush
Rush	Juncus articulatus	Jointed Rush
Rush	Juncus bulbosus	Bulbous Rush
Rush	Juncus effusus	Soft Rush
Rush	Juncus squarrosus	Heath Rush
Rush	Luzula campestris	Field Woodrush
Fern	Oreopteris limbosperma	Mountain Fern
Fern	Pteridium aquilinum	Bracken
Horsetail	Equisetum palustre	Marsh Horsetail
Moss	Brachythecium rutabulum	Rough-stalked Feather-moss
Moss	Breutelia chrysocoma	Golden-head Moss
Moss	Bryum pseudotriquetrum	Marsh Bryum
Moss	Calliergonella cuspidata	Pointed Spear-moss
Moss	Campylium stellatum	Yellow Starry Feather-moss
Moss	Campylopus introflexus	Heath star moss
Moss	Ctenidium molluscum	Comb-moss
Moss	Dichodontium palustre	Marsh Forklet-moss

Туре	Scientific Name	Common Name
Moss	Hylocomium splendens	Glittering Woodmoss
Moss	Hypnum jutlandicum	Heath Plait-moss
Moss	Palustriella commutata	Curled Hookmoss
Moss	Philonotis calcarea	Thick-nerved Apple-moss
Moss	Philonotis fontana	Fountain Apple-moss
Moss	Plagiomnium undulatum	Hart's-tongue Thyme Moss
Moss	Pleurozium schreberi	Red-stemmed Feathermoss
Moss	Polytrichum commune	Common Haircap
Moss	Pseudoscleropodium purum	Neat Feather-moss
Moss	Racomitrium lanuginosum	Woolly Fringe-moss
Moss	Rhytidiadelphus loreus	Little shaggy moss
Moss	Rhytidiadelphus squarrosus	Springy Turf-moss
Moss	Scorpidium cossonii	Intermediate Hook-moss
Moss	Scorpidium revolvens	Rust Hook-moss
Moss	Sphagnum auriculatum	Cow-horn Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum capillifolium	Red bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum cuspidatum	Feathery Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum denticulatum	Cow-horn Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum fallax	Flat-topped Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum magellanicum	Magellanic Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum palustre	Blunt-leaved Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum papillosum	Papillose Bog-moss
Moss	Sphagnum recurvum	Flat-topped Bog-moss
Moss	Straminergon stramineum	Straw Spear-moss
Moss	Thuidium tamariscinum	Common Tamarisk-moss
Moss	Warnstorfia exannulata	Ringless Hook-moss
Moss	Warnstorfia sarmentosa	Twiggy Spear-moss
Clubmoss	Diphasiastrum alpinum	Alpine Clubmoss
Clubmoss	Lycopodium clavatum	Stag's-horn Clubmoss
Clubmoss	Selaginella selaginoides	Lesser Clubmoss
Liverwort	Scapania undulata	Water Earwort
Lungwort	Lobaria pulmonaria	Tree Lungwort
Lichen	Cladonia	Cladonia
Lichen	Nephroma laevigatum	lichen
Lichen	Sticta fuliginosa s. lat.	lichen
Lichen	Sticta limbata	lichen
Lichen	Sticta sylvatica	lichen



6.3. SURVEY METHODS

- A6.3.1. Baseline surveys were carried out between March 2019 and August 2020 (inclusive) to assess the habitats present in the Proposed Development Area and to quantify use of the development and surrounding area by protected mammal species.
- A6.3.2. All field surveys were undertaken by the following experienced ecological surveyors:
 - Adam Anderson (AA)
 - Helen Allinson (HA)
 - Jack Bell (JB)
 - Nicole Dunn (ND)
 - Kirsten Hazelwood (KH)
 - Chris Rodger (CCR)
 - Heather Scott (HS)
- A6.3.3. The survey methods are described below.

Phase 1 Habitat Surveys

- A6.3.4. Phase 1 Habitat surveys were carried out in the Main Wind Farm Area in August to October 2019, further surveys of the Primary Proposed Access Route were carried out in August 2020. The Phase 1 habitat survey methodology provides a standardised system for classifying and mapping semi-natural vegetation and wildlife habitats over large areas of countryside.
- A6.3.5. Habitats across the survey area were identified and mapped using the standard Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) Phase 1 habitat classification¹.
- A6.3.6. The survey was 'extended' to search for and record signs of legally protected or other notable species, and to assess the potential for the habitats to support such species. The surveyors specifically considered badger, otter, and water vole.

National Vegetation Classification (NVC)

- A6.3.7. National Vegetation Classification (NVC) surveys were carried out at the Main Wind Farm Area in August to October 2019, and in the Primary Proposed Access Route were carried out in August 2020, at the same time as the Phase 1 Habitat survey. The NVC is a detailed phytosociological classification, which assesses the full suite of vascular plant, bryophyte and macro-lichen species within a certain vegetation type.
- A6.3.8. NVC community and sub-community types were identified in the field (based on extensive surveyor experience), and delineated and mapped using Global Positioning System (GPS) as per Chapter 10 of the NVC Users' Handbook². Where areas were considered to comprise mosaics or complexes of different habitat communities, the proportion of each was estimated in percentage terms. Details of habitat types identified within the survey area are provided in Chapter 6: Ecology of the EIAR.
- A6.3.9. Target Notes were recorded to provide an overview of the habitat types present and any features of ecological interest.

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Bat Surveys

A6.3.10. Surveys were undertaken between May and September 2019. Methods were based on best practice guidance from NatureScot³ (previously called SNH) that was current at the time of survey and included a desk-based data search, a walkover survey for potential bat roosts, an automated static detector survey.

Walkover Surveys

- A6.3.11. A walkover of the site and surrounding area was undertaken by Helen Allinson on 26 September 2019 to identify and assess potential bat roosts. Notes were taken where any habitat suitable for roosting was encountered during the survey, as well as any areas likely to provide key foraging or commuting habitat.
- A6.3.12. Survey of any trees within 200 m of the proposed turbine locations which were current at the time of survey was undertaken in accordance with NatureScot guidelines³ and included a preliminary assessment of the trees for any cracks, holes and crevices which would provide suitable roosting habitat. The inspection was undertaken from ground level with a powerful torch and binoculars.

Automated Static Detector Surveys

- A6.3.13. A total of 12 Anabat SD4 bat detectors were deployed following the methods outlined by NatureScot³ at sample locations within the site for 11-14 nights per survey period. All sample locations were deployed simultaneously in order to allow direct comparisons of bat activity. A summary of the automated survey schedule is provided in Table 3.
- A6.3.14. Detectors were programmed to commence recording from 1 hour before sunset and continue until 1 hour after sunrise, to cover the active period for all species potentially encountered on site. Detectors recorded data to a memory card which was downloaded and later analysed to identify species present. Activity levels can also be established from this data, based on the number of 'bat passes' recorded. Bat passes are defined here as a fifteen-second recording file which contains at least one bat call.

Table 3: Static Bat Detector Deployment Dates and Locations

Detector ID	Grid Ref	Season	Date Out	Date In	No. Nights Deployed
		Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
1	NS 97040 05452	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	00.02	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NO 07000	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
2	NS 97262 06233	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	00200	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	110 0-0-0	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
3	NS 97953 06673	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	00070	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NO 00004	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
4	NS 98021 06364	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	00304	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
5	NO 00054	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
	NS 98254 05721	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
		Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14

³ SNH. (2019). Bats and onshore wind farms – survey, assessment and mitigation. SNH. Battleby

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¹ JNCC, (2010), Handbook for Phase 1 habitat survey - a technique for environmental audit, ISBN 0 86139 636 7

² Rodwell, J.S, (2006), NVC Users' Handbook, 68 pages, ISBN 978 1 86107 574 1

Detector ID	Grid Ref	Season	Date Out	Date In	No. Nights Deployed
	NS 98423 05262	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
6		Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	00202	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NC 00000	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
7	NS 98998 06174	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
		Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NC 00000	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
8	NS 99000 07236	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	0.200	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NS 99106	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
9	07512	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	U. U. E	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NC 00004	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
10	NS 99881 07129	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
	J. 120	Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NIT 0000C	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
11	NT 00206 06636	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
		Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14
	NT 00204	Spring	17/05/2019	28/05/2019	11
12	NT 00304 07784	Summer	01/07/2019	15/07/2019	14
		Autumn	06/09/2019	20/09/2019	14

A6.3.15. Weather was recorded at two met masts local to the development area and used to inform the bat data analysis. It is recommended that data is only used where the temperature is 8°C or higher and wind speeds are 5m/s or lower. Data was provided for met mast 1 (MM1) and 2 (MM2). Temperature was measured at height 40m. Wind speed was measured at 40m for MM1 and 50m for MM2. Wind speeds were measured every 10 minutes. Median and IQR of wind speeds have been calculated as the average of each 10-minute measure between sunset and sunrise. Weather recorded during bat detector deployments can be found in Table 4.

Table 4: Summary of weather conditions at the Proposed Development during bat activity surveys

		MM1		MM2	
Season	Date	Temp at sunset (°C)	Median (IQR) wind speed (m/s)	Temp at sunset (°C)	Median (IQR) wind speed (m/s)
Spring	17/05/19	6.6	4.3 (3.7 - 5.2)	6.6	4.6 (4.0 - 5.2)
	18/05/19	8.1	2.6 (2.2 - 2.9)	8.3	3.8 (3.3 - 4.1)
	19/05/19	7.6	3.5 (2.9 - 3.8)	7.6	3.3 (2.3 - 4.5)
	20/05/19	7.4	6.0 (5.6 - 6.6)	7.5	3.2 (2.4 - 4.4)
	21/05/19	7.2	3.7 (2.5 - 4.5)	7.2	5.6 (3.7 - 6.8)
	22/05/19	6.6	5.6 (5.4 - 6.3)	6.6	4.2 (3.7 - 5.0)
	23/05/19	6.5	9.8 (6.5 - 11.4)	6.9	10.3 (8.2 - 12.4)
	24/05/19	7.1	4.0 (2.2 - 6.5)	7.2	3.5 (1.8 - 4.8)
	25/05/19	11.4	6.9 (5.7 - 7.8)	11.5	8.3 (7.2 - 10.1)

		MM1		MM2	
Season	Date	Temp at sunset (°C)	Median (IQR) wind speed (m/s)	Temp at sunset (°C)	Median (IQR) wind speed (m/s)
	26/05/19	6.9	14.0 (13.2 - 14.8)	7.5	15.9 (14.9 - 16.7)
	27/05/19	5.6	2.8 (1.9 - 3.5)	5.5	3.4 (2.6 - 3.9)
Summer	01/07/19	8.9	6.4 (5.4 - 7.4)	9.2	9.7 (8.2 - 10.3)
	02/07/19	8.2	6.1 (5.7 - 6.9)	8.2	4.5 (4.0 - 5.1)
	03/07/19	9.7	6.4 (5.5 - 7.1)	10	5.4 (4.6 - 6.3)
	04/07/19	9.4	7.6 (6.1 - 11.1)	9.6	10.5 (8.7 - 13.8)
	05/07/19	10.5	9.9 (8.8 - 11.1)	10.5	10.2 (9.3 - 11.6)
	06/07/19	10	3.5 (2.8 - 3.9)	9.7	2.8 (2.1 - 3.5)
	07/07/19	10.8	2.5 (2.2 - 2.8)	11	2.2 (1.7 - 3.4)
	08/07/19	11.1	2.3 (1.7 - 2.8)	11.5	4.2 (3.2 - 5.7)
	09/07/19	12.6	4.4 (3.3 - 5.6)	12.6	4.7 (4.3 - 5.1)
	10/07/19	12	2.1 (1.7 - 2.7)	12.1	4.8 (4.5 - 6.1)
	11/07/19	11.6	5.6 (5.0 - 6.5)	12	5.5 (4.6 - 6.1)
	12/07/19	10.9	5.6 (4.6 - 6.2)	11.3	3.7 (3.2 - 4.2)
	13/07/19	10.9	2.4 (0.9 - 4.1)	10.9	2.5 (1.5 - 4.4)
	14/07/19	13.5	1.0 (0.7 - 1.4)	13.6	0.9 (0.6 - 1.3)
Autumn	06/09/19	8.8	6.3 (5.4 - 7.2)	9.1	5.6 (4.0 - 7.1)
	07/09/19	8.7	1.3 (1.0 - 1.7)	9.3	1.3 (0.9 - 1.6)
	08/09/19	9.3	4.5 (3.3 - 6.0)	9.3	6.3 (5.6 - 7.1)
	09/09/19	9.7	4.6 (4.2 - 4.9)	9.8	3.6 (3.2 - 4.0)
	10/09/19	8.1	13.0 (12.1 - 14.1)	8.1	15.1 (14.1 - 16.7)
	11/09/19	9.7	6.1 (5.4 - 6.9)	9.7	8.1 (7.1 - 9.1)
	12/09/19	8.3	8.5 (7.8 - 9.8)	8.7	9.5 (8.4 - 10.5)
	13/09/19	8.7	5.2 (4.3 - 6.6)	8.9	6.7 (5.1 - 8.3)
	14/09/19	11.3	11.1 (10.0 - 13.2)	11.3	12.9 (11.1 - 15.5)
	15/09/19	7.6	3.6 (2.7 - 4.0)	7.7	4.1 (2.8 - 4.6)
	16/09/19	7.6	11.7 (10.8 - 12.7)	8	11.8 (10.6 - 12.7)
	17/09/19	7.5	2.7 (2.0 - 3.3)	7.6	2.2 (1.9 - 2.7)
	18/09/19	10.4	2.4 (1.7 - 3.4)	10.4	2.5 (1.5 - 3.3)
	19/09/19	12.4	1.5 (1.3 - 1.8)	12.5	1.8 (1.6 - 2.5)

Source: Natural Power

Bat Survey Analysis

A6.3.16. Due to the large number of data files analysis was undertaken to species or genus using Kaleidoscope automatic identification software. Signal Parameters were 15-120 kHz, 2-500 ms, 500 ms maximum inter-syllable gap and with a minimum of 3 pulses. All data was then collated into an excel spreadsheet. *Myotis* sp. were not identified further than genus due to the overlap between species frequency calls. Pipistrelle and *Nyctalus* species were



- retained as species groups where there was an overlap between calls of common, soprano and Nathusius' pipistrelles or Leisler's and noctule (*Nyctalus*) bats but were classified to species where this was possible.
- A6.3.17. Manual checks of the auto-identified results were undertaken for all calls of all species except for common and soprano pipistrelle due to some unreliability of the software for other species, as well as recordings that did not fit to species parameters within the software. Quality assurance checks were undertaken on 10% of all calls, as well as to confirm rarer species identification.
- A6.3.18. Relative activity levels of the bats recorded a value for the total bat passes each night for each species, these are compared to the values in the Ecobat reference database. This quantifies what percentile the bat data falls at, and therefore what the relative activity level is.
- A6.3.19. Natural Power identified potential issues within the Ecobat programme⁴ during analysis. A bug in the Ecobat analysis incorrectly reports the relative activity for bat pass records identified to genus, but only on nights when bat passes were recorded from a species within the same group. The bug affected 64 bat pass records in total which were removed: 14 bat pass records for Unidentified *Nyctalus* sp. and 50 bat pass records for Unidentified *Pipistrellus* sp.

Protected Mammals

A6.3.20. A summary of survey effort and weather conditions for protected mammal surveys are shown in Table 5.

Otter Survey

A6.3.21. Otter surveys were undertaken in areas of suitable habitat within the Daer Land Portion in August 2019, in the Kinnelhead Development Area in October 2019, and within 250 m of the Primary Proposed Access Route in August

Table 5: Protected mammal survey effort and weather 2019 and 2020

- 2020. Surveys were undertaken by experienced surveyors in suitable weather conditions. Otter field signs that were searched for, as described in Bang & Dahlstrøm (2001)⁵ and Sargent & Morris (2003)⁶.
- A6.3.22. Evidence of otter presence was recorded in the field, including the location of all signs via the use of a handheld GPS and photographs to visually catalogue each record.

Water Vole Survey

- A6.3.23. Water vole surveys were undertaken in areas of suitable habitat within the Daer Land Portion in August 2019, in the Kinnelhead Development Area in October 2019, and within 250 m of the Primary Proposed Access Route in August 2020. Surveys were undertaken by experienced surveyors in suitable weather conditions. Water vole field signs that were searched for, as described in Strachan & Moorhouse (2011)⁷.
- A6.3.24. Evidence of water vole presence was recorded in the field, including the location of all signs via the use of a handheld GPS and photographs to visually catalogue each record.

Badger Survey

- A6.3.25. Badger surveys were undertaken in areas of suitable habitat within the Daer Land Portion in August 2019, in the Kinnelhead Development Area in October 2019, and within 250 m of the Primary Proposed Access Route in August 2020. Surveys were undertaken by experienced surveyors in suitable weather conditions. Badger field signs that were searched for, as described in Neal & Cheeseman (1996)⁸, Bang & Dahlstrøm (2001)⁵ and SNH (2001)⁹.
- A6.3.26. Evidence of badger presence was recorded in the field, including the location of all signs via the use of a handheld GPS and photographs to visually catalogue each record.

Date	Observer	Start Time	End Time	Precipitation (last 24hrs)	Water Level	Notes
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	HA	10:15	16:00	Dry	Medium	Daer river
26/08/2019	AA	14:16		Dry	Medium	
26/08/2019	AA	14:02		Dry	Medium	
26/08/2019	AA	13:57		Dry	Medium	
26/08/2019	AA	13:49		Dry	Medium	

⁴ First reported to Ecobat in January 2020.

⁶ Sargent, G. & Morris, P. (2003) *How to find & Identify Mammals*. The Mammal Society, London.



⁵ Bang, P. & Dahlstrøm, P. (2001). Animal Tracks and Signs. Oxford University Press, Oxford.

⁷ Strachan, R., Moorhouse, T. & Gelling, M. (2011) *The Water Vole Conservation Handbook*. Third Edition, Wildlife Conservation Research Unit, University of Oxford, Abingdon.

⁸ Neal, E. & Cheeseman, C. (1996). *Badgers*. Poyser Natural History, London.

⁹ Scottish Natural Heritage (2001). Scotland's Wildlife: Badgers and Development. SNH, Battleby.

Date	Observer	Start Time	End Time	Precipitation (last 24hrs)	Water Level	Notes
26/08/2019	AA	13:35		Dry	Low	
26/08/2019	AA	12:31		Dry	Medium	
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	НА	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	HA	10:16		Dry	Medium	Crookburn
27/08/2019	AA	14:14		Dry	High	
27/08/2019	AA	14:09		Dry	High	
27/08/2019	AA	13:58		Dry	High	
27/08/2019	AA	11:32		Dry	Low	
27/08/2019	AA	11:23		Dry	Low	
27/08/2019	AA	11:17		Dry	Medium	
28/08/2019	AA	14:59		Light Showers	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	12:46		Drizzle	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	12:41		Drizzle	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	12:15		Light Showers	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	12:08		Drizzle	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	11:59		Light Showers	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	11:54		Light Showers	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	11:35		Dry	Low	
28/08/2019	AA	11:07		Dry	Low	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	



Date	Observer	Start Time	End Time	Precipitation (last 24hrs)	Water Level	Notes
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	HA	10:15	11:37	Light Showers	Medium	
29/08/2019	AA	10:37		Light Showers	High	
29/08/2019	AA	10:32		Light Showers	High	
29/08/2019	AA	10:28		Light Showers	High	
29/08/2019	AA	10:24		Light Showers	High	
29/08/2019	AA	10:21		Light Showers	High	
15/10/2019	HA	13:40			Medium	Bank vole feeding signs
15/10/2019	HA	13:30		Drizzle	Medium	
15/10/2019	HA	13:26		Drizzle	Medium	Old scat on rock
15/10/2019	HA	12:57		Drizzle	Medium	
15/10/2019	HA	12:50		Drizzle	Medium	
15/10/2019	HA	12:37		Drizzle	Medium	
15/10/2019	HA	12:28		Drizzle	Medium	
15/10/2019	HA	10:00		Drizzle	Medium	
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
18/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Annandale estate section
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	НА	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2



Date	Observer	Start Time	End Time	Precipitation (last 24hrs)	Water Level	Notes
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
19/08/2020	HA	10:00	17:21	Heavy Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route. Start of forestry, map 2
20/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Light Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route
20/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Light Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route
20/08/2020	HA	10:00	16:00	Light Showers	Medium	Primary Proposed Access Route
21/08/2020	JB	09:31	15:49	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	
21/08/2020	HA	09:45	14:00	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	Primary Proposed Access Route, bailed due to high winds
21/08/2020	HA	09:45	14:00	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	Primary Proposed Access Route, bailed due to high winds
26/08/2020	HA	10:00	14:00	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	Primary Proposed Access Route - finishing off forestry. Burns all done previous week.
26/08/2020	HA	10:00	14:00	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	Primary Proposed Access Route - finishing off forestry. Burns all done previous week.
26/08/2020	HA	10:00	14:00	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	Primary Proposed Access Route - finishing off forestry. Burns all done previous week.
26/08/2020	HA	10:00	14:00	Heavy Rain (Persistent)	High	Primary Proposed Access Route - finishing off forestry. Burns all done previous week.

6.4. RESULTS

Desk Study Results

A6.4.1. A desk-based study was carried out in 2019 to identify the presence of protected species within a search buffer of the Proposed Development. The SWSEIC and GMBRC provided data on non-avian species recorded within a 10 km radius of the Daer Land Portion. Table 6 lists all protected or invasive species (excluding birds) for which there were records from between 2009 and 2019. Bird records are provided in Technical Appendix 7.1.

Table 6: Desk Study Results from SWSEIC and GMBRC

Taxon group	Species	No. Records	Last Recorded	Record from	Legally Protected Species	Biodiversity Lists	Invasive
Amphibian	Common Toad	12	2015	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL	
Amphibian	Palmate Newt	5	2017	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5		
Amphibian	Smooth Newt	5	2009	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5		
Amphibian	Common Frog	19	2017	SWSEIC & GMBRC	WCA-Sch5		
Reptile	Slow-worm	4	2014	SWSEIC & GMBRC	WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL	
Reptile	Adder	10	2017	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL, DGLBAP09	
Reptile	Common Lizard	17	2010	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL	
Terrestrial Mammal	Hedgehog	5	2015	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Terrestrial Mammal	Brown Hare	1	2017	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL, AYR-LBAP, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Mountain Hare	19	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch4	UKBAP, SBL, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Otter	20	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5		



Taxon group	Species	No. Records	Last Recorded	Record from	Legally Protected Species	Biodiversity Lists	Invasive
Terrestrial Mammal	Badger	43	2017	SWSEIC	Protection of Badgers Act 1992		
Terrestrial Mammal	Grey Squirrel	43	2017	SWSEIC			Invasive
Terrestrial Mammal	Red Squirrel	175	2017	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL, AYR-LBAP, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Myotis sp.	5	2016	SWSEIC & GMBRC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5		
Terrestrial Mammal	Daubenton's Bat	7	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	SBL, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Whiskered/ Brandt's Bat	2	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5		
Terrestrial Mammal	Natterer's Bat	7	2016	SWSEIC & GMBRC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	SBL, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Noctule sp.	13	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL, AYR-LBAP, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Pipistrelle sp.	16	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5		
Terrestrial Mammal	Nathusius' Pipistrelle	1	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	SBL	
Terrestrial Mammal	Common Pipistrelle	20	2016	SWSEIC & GMBRC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	AYR-LBAP, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Soprano Pipistrelle	13	2016	SWSEIC & GMBRC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL, AYR-LBAP, DGLBAP09	
Terrestrial Mammal	Brown Long-eared Bat	2	2016	SWSEIC	HabRegs-Sch2, WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL, DGLBAP09	
Insect - Butterfly	Small Pearl-bordered Fritillary	52	2018	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL, DGLBAP09	
Insect - Butterfly	Small Heath	306	2018	SWSEIC & GMBRC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Butterfly	Large Heath	5	2010	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5	UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Butterfly	Large Tortoiseshell	2	2013	SWSEIC	WCA-Sch5		
Insect - Moth	Knot Grass	3	2011	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Garden Tiger	6	2010	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Mottled Rustic	1	2015	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Haworth's Minor	4	2013	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Small Square-spot	3	2015	SWSEIC & GMBRC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Small Phoenix	4	2009	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Autumnal Rustic	2	2015	SWSEIC & GMBRC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Rosy Rustic	3	2009	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Dot Moth	3	2009	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Shaded Broad-bar	1	2017	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	White Ermine	9	2015	SWSEIC & GMBRC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Buff Ermine	7	2009	SWSEIC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Cinnabar	5	2015	SWSEIC & GMBRC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Moth	Red Carpet	6	2015	SWSEIC & GMBRC		UKBAP, SBL	
Insect - Dragonfly (Odonata)	Variable Damselfly	43	2014	SWSEIC		DGLBAP09	
Insect - Hymenopteran	Bilberry Bumblebee	2	2017	SWSEIC		SBL	
Insect - Beetle (Coleoptera)	Cyphon punctipennis	1	2017	SWSEIC		SBL, DGLBAP09	
Flowering Plant	Japanese Knotweed	11	2013	SWSEIC			Invasive
Flowering Plant	Indian Balsam	2	2015	SWSEIC			Invasive

Source: SWSEIC and GMBRC



Phase 1 and NVC Surveys

Main Wind Farm Area

A6.4.2. Descriptions of all habitats recorded during the Phase 1 Habitat and NVC surveys in the Main Wind Farm Area are given in Table 7. Target notes recorded in the Main Wind Farm Area during the habitat surveys are shown in Table 8.

Table 7: Phase 1 and NVC Habitat descriptions in the Proposed Development Area 2019

NVC Habitat	NVC Code	Phase 1 Habitat	Priority	Description
Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris- Galium saxatile grassland	U4a-b	Acid Grassland (B1)	UKBAP	Acid grassland, both unimproved and semi-improved, present throughout the site. Areas primarily present in the northern part of the site, on the lower areas of the gully to the east and in higher areas in the south of the site.
Nardus stricta-Galium saxatile grassland	U5a-d	Acid Grassland (B1)	None	
Juncus squarrosus-Festuca ovina grassland	U6a-d	Acid Grassland (B1)	None	
Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris- Thymus praecox grassland	CG10a-b	Calcareous grassland: unimproved (B3.1)	Annex 1 GWDTE (high) UKBAP	Species-rich calcareous grassland CG10 (Festuca ovina-Agrostis capillaris-Thymus praecox grassland) was observed at several locations, always intimately associated with base-rich flushes on slopes. This indicates that the presence of calcareous communities was due largely to the irrigation of base rich water from the springs and flushes. Consequently, much of the grassland was the sedge-rich sub-community CG10b (Carex pulicaris-Carex panicea sub-community), more typical of damper conditions. However, below some flushes were fairly extensive lawns of the drier CG10a (Trifolium repens-Luzula campestris sub-community), which stood-out in contrast to the surrounding bog and heath communities.
Juncus effusus/acutiflorus-Galium palustre rush pasture	M23a-c	Marshy grassland (B5)	GWDTE (moderate) UKBAP	M6 acid flush, and, to a lesser extent, M23 was encountered widely across the site, often covering large swathes of land (particularly flanking watercourses on level ground). With the exception of areas of M23 clearly influenced by base-
Carex echinata-Sphagnum recurvum/auriculatum mire	M6a-d	Flush and spring: acid/neutral (E2.1)	GWDTE (high) UKBAP	enriched groundwater (Target-noted), these habitats are among the less-sensitive potential GWDTE, on account of the reduced probability of being truly dependent on groundwater input and by being common and widespread habitats. However, they are high and moderate potential GWDTE habitats.
Holcus lanatus-Juncus effusus rush pasture	MG10a	Marshy grassland (B5)	GWDTE (Moderate) UKBAP	Although classed as moderate GWDTE potential, this habitat, found mainly in association with rush-pasture communities and near water courses, is the least sensitive of the potential GWDTE, on account of habitat conservation value and unlikely groundwater dependency. It was generally well grazed and likely derived from former semi-improved hill grazing (inbye).
Scirpus cespitosus-Erica tetralix wet heath	M15a-c	Wet dwarf shrub heath (D2) & wet modified bog (E1.7)	Annex 1 GWDTE (moderate) UKBAP	Wet heath was an abundant habitat, often found in close mosaic with areas of more active blanket bog (particularly M17c) and representing more degraded blanket bog. There were a few small areas of the M15a Carex panicea subcommunity, the more flushed sub-community indicating mild base-water influence. M15 is classed as moderate potential GWDTE, and this is the sub-community that indicates groundwater dependency. These areas were generally small and identified by TNs. They were largely associated with base-rich flush systems (M10) and avoidance/mitigation of these features is likely to safeguard M15a communities where found.
Scirpus cespitosus-Eriophorum vaginatum blanket mire	M17a-c	Blanket bog (E1.6.1)	Annex 1 UKBAP	The dominant relatively intact blanket bog community on-site. This blanket bog was found in greatest abundance on flatter ground, either on the floor of glens or gentle slopes on higher ground (where deeper peat deposits accumulate). Much of the M17 comprised the sub-community M17c; <i>Juncus squarrosus-Rhytidiadelphus loreus</i> sub-community. This is the driest sub-community and was often in mosaic with wet heath (M15).
				On the valley floor the most saturated sub-community M17a was found, with very extensive sheets of <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> . It was in mosaic with the areas of M18 and it is likely that much of this area would correspond with M18 with more detailed assessment. However, deer grass (<i>Trichophorum germanicum</i>) and purple-moor grass (<i>Molinia caerulea</i>)



were normally dominant (more analogous with M17). There were some areas of M17 where purple-moor grass was particularly abundant in the sward (annotated as M17-M25) and this may be a reflection of recent burning. There were

NVC Habitat	NVC Code	Phase 1 Habitat	Priority	Description
				also some areas where recent excavation of drainage channels has occurred. On the higher plateau, areas of M17 were often restricted to the top of isolated peat hags, with the intervening ground variously eroded to bedrock, reverted to acid grassland/wet heath/ wet modified bog (M20). Commonly, the ground between hags was filled with lawns of <i>Sphagnum fallax</i> , resembling acid flush (M6) and bog pool (M2) communities where water leaches out from the exposed peat. Pure stands of common cottongrass (<i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i>) were frequent on the eroded banks of the hags (M3).
Erica tetralix-Sphagnum papillosum raised and blanket mire	M18a	Blanket bog (E1.6.1)	Annex 1 UKBAP	These areas of blanket bog were typified by extensive sheets of <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> and <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> , with scattered bog associates, particularly cross-leaved heath. Bog cranberry (<i>Vaccinium oxycoccos</i>) was frequent. This habitat was particularly found in the low-lying flat valley floor flanking Crook Burn (particularly to the north, on the east of Nether Law) and the low ground south of Daer Reservoir. There were several areas of bog habitat in similar topographical settings elsewhere on-site (particularly running south along Crook Burn) where hare's-tail cottongrass (<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i>) was overwhelmingly dominant but the ground covered by extensive sheets of <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> and, less-so, <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> . These areas, classed as M20, are reckoned to be derived from M18 and have been annotated in Target notes (TNs) as M20-M17, to indicate this affinity.
Calluna vulgaris-Eriophorum vaginatum blanket mire	M19a-b	Blanket bog (E1.6.1)	Annex 1 UKBAP	This bog community was mainly found at higher elevations and on steeper slopes than M17 and M18. Whilst still highlighting areas of deep peat, the peat is better-drained and firmer than M17 and M18 (and therefore easier to excavate carefully and reinstate if no other option). Much of the areas were typical in comprising a mix of heather (<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>) and hare's-tail cottongrass and lacking the extensive sheets of 'bog-Sphagna' of M17 and M18 (although <i>S.capillifolium</i> was often common). However, on the whole heather was more thinly represented in the sward than is typical for the community, with several stands grading towards M20 (where heather is very scarce and hare's-tail cottongrass strongly dominant). The image below shows a fairly transitional stand where heather, although abundant, has a rather stunted growth. This is indicative of moderate to high grazing pressure, to which heather is not resilient. The sub-community M19a (<i>Erica tetralix</i> sub-community) was by far the most frequently encountered, with small areas of M19b (<i>Empetrum nigrum ssp. nigrum</i> sub-community) on the very highest ground.
Eriophorum vaginatum blanket and raised mire	M20a-b	Bog: wet modified (E1.7) & dry modified (E1.8)	Annex 1 UKBAP	Stands of blanket bog, where hare's-tail cottongrass is overwhelmingly dominant in the sward, were classed as M20, although this community is often more diverse than the examples sampled by Rodwell. The examples at Daer were mainly the more species-rich sub-community M20b (<i>Calluna vulgaris-Cladonia spp.</i> sub-community), including extensive stands of variants described by Averis; the rather dry type where hare's-tail cottongrass tussocks are overgrown by <i>Hylocomium splendens</i> and <i>Pleurozium schreberi</i> and the considerably wetter type with abundant <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> , which is presumed to be derived from M18 (as described under that habitat heading). In addition, there were examples of the type where <i>Sphagnum fallax</i> and <i>Polytrichum commune</i> are abundant below the hare's-tail cottongrass, particularly between the peat hags on the highly eroded bog on the high plateau areas (described under the heading for M17). Due to the variability in wetness (and, crucially, Sphagna cover), M20 was either classed as wet-modified bog or dry-modified bog for Phase 1 categorisation.
Molinia caerulea-Potentilla erecta mire	M25a-c	Bog: wet modified (E1.7) & dry modified (E1.8). M25a: wet dwarf shrub heath (D2)	Annex 1 (M25b-c) GWDTE (M25a - Moderate) UKBAP	M25 was the single most extensive habitat in extent across the site. This habitat can either be classed as blanket bog (Annex I) or marshy grassland (non-Annex I but UKBAP), depending on whether the peat depth was above or below the threshold of 50cm (See Table A1, Appendix). Where M25 is on deep peat, it represents blanket bog that is highly degraded by a history of drainage, grazing and burning. The TNs identify the stands of M25 on peat >50cm; some of these stands still held a significant proportion of bog associates, including several stands where hare's-tail cottongrass was almost co-dominant with purple-moor grass (pictured; TNs annotate these areas as M25-M20). These stands should be regarded as of higher sensitivity than pure purple-moor grass stands, and certainly stands on peat <50cm. The M25 qualifying as blanket bog represent the least sensitive category of blanket bog on the site.
Calluna vulgaris-Vaccinium myrtillus heath	H12a/c	Bog: dry modified (E1.8)	Annex 1 GWDTE	Dry heath communities were fairly scarce on the site, mainly comprising stands of H12 restricted to steeper ground where the soil is thinner and better-drained (and particularly where grazing pressure significantly reduced). Heather was generally heavily-browsed throughout the site and much of the ground suitable for heath comprised of acid grassland,



NVC Habitat	NVC Code	Phase 1 Habitat	Priority	Description
				with heat
Eriophorum angustifolium bog pool community	M3	Bog: dry modified (E1.8)	Annex 1 UKBAP	Pure stand
Hypericum elodes-Potamogeton polygonifolius soakway	M29	Flush and spring: acid/neutral (E2.1)	Annex 1 GWDTE (high) UKBAP	The few small community ca that fitted with The best
Ranunculus omiophyllus-Montia fontana rill	M35	Flush and spring: acid/neutral (E2.1)	GWDTE (high) UKBAP	These flus discrete featu
Philonotis fontana-Saxifraga stellaris spring	M32	Flush and spring: Bryophyte dominated (E2.3)	GWDTE (high) UKBAP	spring-heads, (<i>Epil</i>
Carex dioica-Pinguicula vulgaris mire	M10	Flush and spring: basic (E2.2)	Annex 1 GWDTE (high) UKBAP	These tw (NVC: M3 calcium-r
Palustriella commutata-Festuca rubra spring	M37	Flush and spring: Bryophyte dominated (E2.3)	Annex 1 GWDTE (high) UKBAP	base-rich fi numerous sedges and ca lesser clu scarce up

Source: Tringa Ecology

Table 8: NVC and Phase 1 Target Notes in Main Wind Farm Area 2019

ID	Grid Ref	Note
1	NS 96643 05651	GWDTE: M6c, Juncus effusus sub-community.
3	NS 96623 05641	M23b, Juncus effusus sub-community. Much of flush dry.
5	NS 96649 05691	M15 in small patches amongst M25. Calluna vulgaris v.scarce; Trichophorum cespitosum, Erica tetralix, Eriophorum angustifolium & Sphagnum papillosum dominant.
8	NS 96634 05777	Peat depth >50cm; M15 wet heath.
10	NS 96618 05784	GWDTE & wet mire area - avoid. Mix of M6 (<i>Juncus effusus</i> sub-community) with extensive sheets of <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> & M2 bog pools feeding off adjacent M15. Very wet and peat depth >50cm.
11	NS 96572 05854	M6a runs to riverside.
13	NS 96721 05966	M17 (M15). Sphagnum magellanicum at this location is an indication of wet heath/rush pasture derived from M17 blanket bog. Peat >50cm deep.
15	NS 97017 06101	Clear transition to M15 wet heath. <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> rare. <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> , <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (cropped), <i>Narthecium ossifragum</i> , <i>Erica tetralix</i> , <i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i> dominant. <i>Sphagnum papillosum/capillifolium</i> dominant but patchy. Peat >50cm. <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> occasional.

	with heather only sparse and gnarly. There is low likelihood of significant effects on stands of dry heath due to their locations on steep and relatively inaccessible slopes.
nnex 1 KBAP	Pure stand of common cottongrass (<i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i>) were frequent on the eroded banks of the hags (M3).
nnex 1 (high) KBAP	The few small areas tentatively identified as M29 are identified with low confidence. It is somewhat disputed whether this community can in fact be reliably identified in Scotland. However, there were locations where water soakways over peat that fitted with the variant described by Averis & Averis found at more upland and northern locations (lacking H.elodes). The best fit is the quadrat location at NS 96555 05380. However, these locations were clearly irrigated by base-rich water and therefore can be regarded as high-potential GWDTE with confidence.
(high) KBAP (high) KBAP	These flushes and spring-heads were less numerous than the more base-rich M37/M10 but were similarly small and discrete features. These are clearly groundwater influenced habitats, the M32 presenting as small bryophyte-dominated spring-heads, sometimes with flush-lines running down slope. Interesting vascular associates included alpine willowherb (<i>Epilobium anagallidifolium</i>), pale forget-me-not (<i>Myosotis stolonifera</i>) and starry saxifrage (<i>Saxifraga stellaris</i>).
(high) KBAP nnex 1 (high)	These two habitats are grouped together, as they are intimately connected. The hard-water springs depositing lime (NVC: M37) are the spring-heads where groundwater emerges, surrounded by calcicolous moss assemblages. The calcium-rich springwater-fed fens form the base-rich flushed ground running down slope from the springheads. The base-rich flushes were almost exclusively M10 (although further survey may reveal M11 communities) and were very numerous across the site. These flushes form saturated, fairly bare and peaty ground, dominated by a sward of low
KBAP	sedges and calcicolous bryophytes. Butterwort (<i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>) were numerous and other common associates were lesser clubmoss (<i>Selaginella selaginoides</i>) and fairy flax (<i>Linum cartharticum</i>). These communities are often host to scarce upland/subalpine plants, assessment of which was constrained by the late survey date and time constraints.

ID	Grid Ref	Note
16	NS 96924 06193	M17a on lower ground. Eriophorum vaginatum, Erica tetralix, Trichophorum cespitosum, Narthecium ossifragum all effectively co-dominant. Calluna vulgaris Frequent. Ground layer almost entirely Sphagna; mainly Sphagnum papillosum & capillifolium with Sphagnum magellanicum frequent. Very saturated- possibly derived from M18a.
17	NS 96922 06263	Drop towards Loch; dwarf shrub species & <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> disappear to give way to M20 Sphagnum variant; <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> on sheets of <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> & <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> (likely derived from M18).
18	NS 97178 06267	River flanked by poor M6a. Small extent, species poor.
19	NS 97546 06687	M35 rill (spring) High GWDTE potential. Acid spring from acid geology.
20	NS 97569 06738	Small patch of M6. Juncus acutifloris & Sphagnum palustre dominant.
22	NS 97540 06808	Feature not GWDTE. Acid grass U4a.
23	NS 97575 06774	M25 in this area a M25-M20 intergrade. Eriophorum vaginatum abundant
24	NS 96721 05618	Drier area blanket bog M17c; however, still <i>Sphagnum</i> rich, relatively few <i>hypnoids</i> . In mosaic with similar areas without <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> (grading to U6a). Peat >50cm.
25	NS 97013 05652	M17c on flatter terraces (deeper peat). Flanked by M25.
26	NS 97238 05641	M25a on slopes. Peat <50cm.



Note	Grid Ref	ID
GWDTE- groundwater source. No particular flush/spring community evident. Feeds narrow and species poor strip of M6a and M6d. Carex flacca abundant, indicating possible enrichment by more base-rich water. However, all other Carex and bryophyte acidophilus. Would merit survey when Carex / vascular assemblage more evident if direct impacts anticipated.	NS 97436 05491	27
Area dominated by M25 (<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> variant) but heavily flushed - small patches M6a.	NS 97500 05530	28
Level ground, deep peat. Highly saturated. <i>Sphagnum</i> much more continuous, including <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> . Note; shows features of both M17 & M18 (below).	NS 97605 05407	30
GWDTE - spring head. Water observed seeping from single point. Surrounding vegetation floating (mainly <i>Agrostis capillaris</i>). <i>Ranunculus acris</i> , <i>Cirsium palustre</i> only vascular plants. No bryophytes. No clear NVC community. <i>Montia fontana</i> dominant. Very close-cropped grasses.	NS 97785 05387	32
M25b.	NS 97847 05437	33
U4a. Narrow strip following geological feature (gully).	NS 97876 05395	34
M6 (from distance)	NS 97809 05487	35
M6d. Small extent flanking drainage channel. GWDTE	NS 98007 05494	36
M17c	NS 98124 05597	37
HIGH POTENTIAL GWDTE: M10.	NS 98197 05497	38
All wet modified bog; M20 (Sphagnum variant) 70%. M20 (Molinia caerulea dominant, Eriophorum vaginatum and Sphagnum abundant). 25%. U6 (Sphagnum sub-community) 5%.	NS 98204 05350	39
M6d. GWDTE. Small extent. Not mapped.	NS 98239 05325	41
Small patches acid grass. Peat present.	NS 98293 05364	42
Blanket mire changes character completely across fence - now M19; Much Calluna vulgaris and absence of sheets of Sphagnum papillosum, Sphagnum magellanicum etc. (ground cover hypnoid mosses & Sphagnum capillifolium). Trichophorum cespitosum & Erica tetralix v.rare. Drier bog.	NS 98406 05370	43
Still M19. Ground dominant by Hylocomium splendens. Sphagnum rare.	NS 98627 05292	45
Base-rich flush. More diffuse here. Small lawns of Carex viridula, Carex flacca & Carex panicea with Campylium stellatum. Probably base rich water irrigation. No source located. Avoid. High GWDTE and sensitive habitat.	NS 98604 05347	46
GWDTE M6/M4 Within drainage channel. Essentially M6 but with high cover Carex rostrata and Sphagnum denticulatum.	NS 98470 05363	47
M6d GWDTE. Good condition- large sheets Sphagnum palustre.	NS 97306 05955	48
M25 here very <i>Sphagnum</i> rich; also much <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> = M25 (M17).	NS 97564 05917	49
HIGH GWDTE; small-sedge basic flush; Campylium stellatum, Carex viridula, Carex flacca, Carex panicea (Centaura nigra, Ranunculus acris here and occasional in poor-M23a down slope).	NS 97796 06002	50

ID	Grid Ref	Note
51	NS 97873 06019	Base flush to here: diffuse cover of <i>Carex</i> (heavily cropped). Dry and bryophyte cover practically none (v.small patch <i>Calliergonella cuspidata</i>). Freshly cut drainage ditch across top-end of flush and likely source of ground water. Probably M10 (damaged).
52	NS 98076 06242	Over fence - M19a blanket mire.
55	NS 98104 06526	M17c. On flatter ground; much wetter, M17 community (abundant <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> , <i>Erica tetralix</i> , <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> , more open structure).
56	NS 98109 06574	Patches of M20b reflect differences in M17/19 origin. <i>Hylocomium splendens,</i> Pleurozium schreberi variant where M19 (slope). Sphagna/Trichophorum cespitosum (deer grass) variant on wetter ground (from M17).
57	NS 97753 06829	Calluna vulgaris cover much reduced, M20b predominate. However, many stands still heathy, with frequent though weak Calluna vulgaris and Vaccinium myrtillus, Empetrum nigrum (effectively transitional M19-M20).
58	NS 97830 07030	Quite extensive patch of M17 between rocky hillocks. Fairly dry example (Sphagnum papillosum cover patchy), M17c, although no Juncus squarrosus seen. Vaccinium oxycoccos present.
59	NS 97946 07205	M6d good condition. High Sphagnum palustre & Sphagnum fallax cover. Abundant Viola palustris. Drains to drainage channel Sphagnum denticulatum abundant. Carex rostrata Frequent.
60	NS 98018 07281	Stand of M17c. Recently excavated drainage channels throughout.
61	NS 98060 07114	This area-stands of M17c heavily drained. Intervening areas M20-M25 intergrade. For mapping purposes call M20 as cover of <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> is very high.
62	NS 98061 07649	M17 Deep peat. Huge drainage effort.
63	NS 98086 07685	Extremely saturated peat with extensive Sphagnum lawns - in particular Sphagnum magellanicum. Sphagnum magellanicum also forming tussocks. Vaccinium oxycoccos occasionally frequent.
64	NS 97652 06889	High GWDTE POTENTIAL; spring-head feeding M6d flush. Water clearly breaking ground at this point NS97654-06887. Floating mats of <i>Montia fontana</i> (blinks) but very little else except typical M6 spp. (no bryophyte or vascular spp associated with M32 for example). Suggests this is water that has moved through peat before emerging, rather than ground water per se.
65	NS 97518 06216	M25b dominant: 80%. Much of this peat>50cm with many bog associates, although in certain parts tussocky and dry (dry modified bog). Other areas wet, Sphagnum rich M20-M25 intergrade (wet modified bog) - mainly lower, flatter areas. Pockets of wet heath 15% (M15) and degraded M17 5%.
66	NS 98205 06873	Blanket mire here mainly M20b and M25a. Peat depth variable; roughly corresponds to M20- c. 55cm and M25 c20-40cm, but not always. Despite shallow peat, sea is clearly ombrogenous mire in poor condition and Phase 1 dry modified bog most appropriate.



ID	Grid Ref	Note
67	NS 98146 07003	Patch U4a grassland at rocky outcrop. Drain running out from bog above. Considerable <i>Juncus</i> cover but NOT GWDTE habitat; U4 <i>Juncus effusus</i> (and <i>Juncus acutiflorus</i>).
1 88	NS 98180 07110	M6d. Poor quality habitat. Some <i>Sphagnum fallax</i> but intergrade with M25/U4 over much of area. Associated with peat drainage.
69 1	NS 98281 07128	M25-M20 intergrade. Burned blanket bog with both <i>Molinia caerulea</i> and <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> growing back in. Peat depth >50cm on flatter area (majority - where drainage channels). Area has been burned in recent times.
70 1	NS 98329 06999	Paler areas at edge = M20b (some intergrade M25-M20 as <i>Molinia caerulea</i> cover quite high).
71	NS 98310 06907	M25b. Some intergrade with M20, <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> frequent. Peat depth >50cm. Wet modified bog.
72	NS 98373 06781	Clearly M25-M17 intergrade. <i>Molinia caerulea</i> dominant, <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> very abundant. High cover <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> , <i>Sphagnum capillifolium</i> , <i>Erica tetralix</i> . M25(M17).
73 1	NS 98662 06861	Despite initial appearances & location, habitat closest to MG10; very species- poor sward dominated by Juncus effusus & Juncus acutiflorus, with close- grazed grass between tussocks. Constants for M23 generally absent. Herbs: Rumex acetosa (common sorrel), Ranunculus repens (creeping buttercup): Constant. Galium saxatile: Occasional. Viola palustris: Rare. Grasses: Holcus lanatus: Dominant. Deschampsia cespitosa, Agrostis capillaris: V.Common, Anthoxanthum odoratum.
74	NS 98682 06919	This area more clearly U4 Juncus variant; Agrostis capillaris, Nardus stricta, Anthoxanthum odoratum mixed with Juncus effusus & Juncus acutiflorus. Note however Ranunculus repens & Rumex acetosa (common sorrel) Constant. Becomes more MG10- like, although Agrostis capillaris constant.
75 N	NS 98528 07094	Very saturated area - extensive sheets Sphagnum magellanicum.
77 1	NS 98429 06993	M18a; extensive sheets of <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> , <i>Erica tetralix</i> dominant dwarf shrub.
78 N	NS 98440 07136	Difficult to determine whether M17 or M18. Heavily drained, but <i>Sphagnum</i> cover still high. High cover <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> where <i>Sphagna</i> encountered. <i>Erica tetralix</i> extremely abundant. No <i>Potentilla erecta. Molinia caerulea</i> rare. However, <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> abundant. Where drainage is not too bad, very saturated and extensive continuous <i>Sphagnum megallanicum</i> & <i>papillosum</i> . Only balance M18 modified.
79 N	NS 98377 07267	This area bog drier; Juncus squarrosus A. M17c.
1 08	NS 98459 07424	M17c; wetter type- sheets of Sphagnum papillosum, no Juncus squarrosus.
82	NS 98544 07470	Area here extensive sheets <i>Sphagnum magellanicum</i> & <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> . Modified M18.
83 1	NS 98452 07483	M6d GWDTE. Small area flowing towards burn. Much Sphagnum fallax & palustre. Carex panicea Frequent, suggesting mild flushing.
84 1	NS 98232 07487	M25a marshy grassland here (peat 30cm).

Note	Grid Ref	ID
Diffuse area of rush pasture running down hill through M25. More neutral (M23): Viola palustris, Cirsium palustre frequent. Carex panicea v.frequent. No input	NS 98268 07653	85
found, but suspected.		
U4a acid grassland breaks clearly to rush pasture - probable fracture line & water source.	NS 98276 07830	86
Area below clearly saturated, <i>Juncus acutifloris</i> dominant. <i>Sphagnum palustre, Kindbergis praelonga, Holcus lanatus</i> Frequent. (mix M6/spp poor M23); <i>Cirsium palustre</i> (marsh thistle) & <i>Viola palustris</i> Abundant. No <i>Galium palustre, Rumex acetosa</i> (common sorrel).	NS 98286 07816	87
U4a/H12c; grazed-out H12; Calluna vulgaris reduced to few clumps gnarly plants.	NS 98295 07924	88
M17c on flatter areas. Peat depth >50cm.	NS 98428 07736	89
Although highly disturbed, traces of M17b - Cladonia & Racomitrium lanuginosum. Also extensive sheets Sphagnum magellanicum (M18) in more saturated areas.	NS 98492 07150	90
M17; highly drained but still saturated and much Sphagnum papillosum. No Juncus squarrosus.	NS 98533 06880	91
Area of M18a; extensive Sphagnum magellanicum, including hummocks. Vaccinium oxycoccos Abundant.	NS 98554 06768	92
M23a proper here; Juncus acutifloris dominant, Galium palustre, Rumex acetosa (Common sorrel) Frequent, Brachythecium rutabulum, Cirsium palustre Abundant. Much of rush pasture a messy intergrade between U4 (Juncus effusus)/M23 and M6c-d. Heavily grazed.	NS 97648 05135	93
GWDTE: Spring head. Dominated by <i>Montia fontana</i> (blinks), <i>Myosotis laxa</i> , <i>Ranunculus repens</i> (creeping buttercup).	NS 97702 05001	94
HIGH GWDTE- AVOID. Carex viridula, Pedicularis palustris (Marsh lousewort). Showing base- influence of groundwater has wider diffuse effects	NS 97673 05046	96
HIGH GWDTE. Dichodontium palustre noted in spring.	NS 97672 04917	97
More base flush species (as M32).	NS 97683 04920	98
M32 species in burn. Clear Ground Water influence well-spread. Further survey advised when design formalised.	NS 97675 04898	99
Base influence.	NS 97673 04834	100
M32 spring. Similar to quadrat. Includes Saxifrage.	NS 97664 04807	101
Base spring.	NS 97692 04756	102
Thymus polytrichus (/Praecox); small quantity growing on rock exposures at NS 97762-04715. Raises possibility of calcaerous CG10 grassland in area.	NS 97757 04718	103
Thymus polytrichus (/Praecox) abundant here. Viola riviniana, Carex panicea, Plantago lanceolata (ribwort plantain), Trifolium repens, Campanula rotundifolia noted but other usual associated mesotrophic herbs absent (e.g. Lotus). Unlikely simply due to season. Small area U4c. Carex - rich flush above.	NS 97811 04709	104
GWDTE. Diffuse Carex viridula/ Carex panicea/ Carex flacca/ Pedicularis palustris/ Polygala serpyllifolia (heath milkwort).	NS 97833 04706	105



Note	Grid Ref	ID
Hillside in general clearly has calcaerous influence, centred around rock		
exposures & water moving over/through geology.		
Degraded bog U6: M17c: M6d.	NS 98050 04743	106
M17 dry; M17c(Js). Abundant Juncus squarrosus.	NS 98532 04909	107
Blanket mire here overwhelmingly M19a.	NS 98759 04905	108
Fairly extensive patch M20b amongst M19a. Occasional patch U5a (probably snow accumulation).	NS 98709 04750	109
M19b here- much Rubus chamaemorus, Vaccinium vitis-idaea.	NS 98787 04735	110
Acid grass= U5a 60%: U4a 40%.	NS 99244 04775	111
As move off plateau - flatter areas of bog wet saturated <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> rich M17c(wet). Also patches M15 (10%).	NS 99213 04572	112
M6d flush following drainage channel.	NS 99576 04588	113
M6d acid flush good condition.	NS 99740 04798	114
Blanket mire mainly M19a; closed canopy <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> & <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> , <i>hypnoid</i> ground layer & dry. However, pockets where <i>Erica tetralix/Trichophorum cespitosum</i> (& occasionally <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i>). Probably intergrade; heavily drained.	NS 99759 04777	115
M6d.	NS 99942 04979	116
This feature appears to be lower peat, M25-M20 intergrade. Not watercourse or GWDTE.	NT 00120 05078	117
M6d associated with burn.	NS 99995 05202	118
Acid grass patches around watercourse = U5a.	NS 99997 05308	119
M6d weak, poor quality. Following drains. Mainly Juncus over U4-5 grassland.	NS 99467 05199	120
On slope/ridge all peat depth <50cm).	NS 99376 05094	121
GWDTE POTENTIAL - fairly weak & sheep trampled. Carex panicea Abundant. Breutelia chrysocoma Frequent. Probably flushed wet heath. M15c; Carex panicea sub-community.	NS 99331 05208	122
M10: HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL. Similar to quadrat. Carex rich, Pinguicula vulgaris, Mosses: Philonotis fontana, Campylium stellatum, Scorpidium revolvens. Warnstorfia exannulata. AVOID AREA. Quite extensive.	NS 99318 05225	123
Flush runs down here - much Carex panicea in M15 (m15x). Small area M4 - Carex rostrata Abundant.	NS 99269 05276	124
M10 - good example near head of burn. AVOID. More base flushes expected further up judging from topography. <i>Philonotis</i> calcarea and <i>Palustriella commutata</i> here (M37 spring head).	NS 99243 05162	125
M10. Base rich flush HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL. Not sampled in detail but <i>Cnetidium molluscum</i> and <i>Warnstorfia exannulata</i> noted with <i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i> & abundant <i>Carex viridula</i> & <i>Juncus articulatus</i> .	NS 99423 05608	126
M17c wet - high Sphagnum papillosum, no Juncus squarrosus.	NS 99020 05639	127

ID	Grid Ref	Note
128	NS 98745 05768	M19a here. Drier bog, <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> & <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> co-dominant & closed canopy. <i>Erica tetralix</i> & <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> Occasional. Possible intergrade M17. Small area M17c (dry <i>Juncus squarrosus</i>) seen at edge.
129	NS 98623 05780	Example of intergrade here, transition obvious - <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> decreases and <i>Erica tetralix</i> & <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> (deer grass) increase. Flatter ground.
130	NS 98584 05567	M19b. Very dry in places & Eriophorum vaginatum thinning out; grading to H12a (Calluna vulgaris/Vaccinium myrtillus) or U5b (Polytrichum commune/Deschampsia flexuosa/Nardus stricta); Dry modified bog.
131	NS 98569 05451	M6d extensive poor condition. <i>Sphagnum palustre</i> mainly in channels, grades to extensive <i>Juncus</i> over acid grassland (U4Je).
132	NS 98458 05048	Poor quality M17 on flatter areas. True M17a with Juncus squarrosus & Deschampsia flexuosa. Some areas very thin Eriophorum vaginatum, dense Calluna vulgaris & Eriophorum angustifolium going to M15a.
133	NS 98145 05081	Walk across flat plateau - all saturated, <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> constant below <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> mire; M20(M17). Small areas where <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> & <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> take dominance with no <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> (M15) Small areas U5A and M6d. M20 (M17) 80%: M15a 10%: M6d 5%: U5a 5%
134	NS 97162 02011	Mapped as spring on OS. Area searched but no obvious spring. Note that in this general area headwaters to burn is strongly flushed with M6 acid flush (mainly M6c, some M6a). This originates above marked spring.
136	NS 96516 05560	Potamogeton - dominated soakaway in ditch draining M6 flush (poor M29). Potamogeton sp, Myosotis laxa, Juncus articulatus, Ranunculus flammula, Straminergon stramineum.
137	NS 96649 05384	M25 and M15b on deep peat. Messy, heavily grazed. Dominated by <i>Molinia</i> caerulea with abundant <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i> & <i>Juncus squarrosus</i> . Probably was M17c (dry- <i>Juncus squarrosus</i>). But now so heavily grazed all <i>Ericoids</i> / bog spp absent. Other areas where bog species present it. Quite flushed- pockets poor M6.
138	NS 96842 05342	Very poor rush pasture. Probably M23 originally but again a messy U4Je/MG10 mix. Spp poor. No Galium palustre. Herbs: Cirsium palustre, Ranunculus repens, Holcus lanatus. Ground dominated by Rhytidiadelphus squarrosus. Frequent Potentilla erecta/Galium saxatile around edges. Carex nigra often dominant. Ajuga reptans/ Cardamine pratensis Rare.
139	NS 96898 05206	U4a grassland above fence.
140	NS 97001 05252	M25b (marshy grassland) 80% - much <i>Nardus stricta</i> in sward. U4a 20%. Peat depth <50cm.
141	NS 97096 05372	M17c dry; Juncus squarrosus abundant.
142	NS 97091 05033	M17c - wet <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> variety on flat ground. Dry <i>Juncus squarrosus</i> variety on slopes.
143	NS 96909 05366	HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL; Base-rich flush, M10 type. Less obviously base-influenced than other examples.



Note	Grid Ref	ID
Carex-rich (Carex lasiocarpa/Carex panicea/Carex echinata) but basophilic bryophyte sparse; Scorpidium cossonii, Campylium stellatum noted but very limited. Liverworts also present. Otherwise bryophyte cover dominated by Sphagnum denticulatum. Juncus bulbosus.		
Another weak flush line - <i>Carex</i> rich but little sign of calcaerous bryophyte (<i>Carex</i> cover probably influenced by disturbance- quad track).	NS 96896 05278	144
M17c on main plateau of the dry variety; <i>Juncus squarrosus</i> Frequent, <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> patchy. Recent large drainage channels cut-through bog. Occasional small bog pools with <i>Sphagnum cuspidatum</i> (M2).	NS 97119 04845	145
M2 bog pool drained by recent excavations	NS 97111 04802	146
From this point, gradient increases and bog shows signs of grading from M17c to M19b. Only in patches; map as M17c.	NS 97141 04699	147
M17c.	NS 97092 04444	148
M10 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: M10 base-rich flush. This location a good example of spring-head community (M37). Species include Carex viridula (A), Carex panicea. Bryophyte: Scorpidium revolvens, Campylium stellatum, Dichodontium palustre, Philonotis fontana, Palustriella commutata.	NS 97412 04324	149
HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL, base-rich flush moving through here - large area flushed c.40x10m. See TN 149 for indicative species. AVOID.	NS 97399 04386	150
Looking back up flush.	NS 97433 04395	151
Mixed award. Mainly <i>Nardus</i> dominant, several other grasses & <i>Juncus</i> squarrosus, including much <i>Molinia caerulea</i> . U5d probably best fit. Peat depth <50cm.	NS 97362 04195	152
M17c & M20 (M17 mosaic).	NS 97259 04166	153
Sphagnum denticulatum dominated pool (M1). Following drainage.	NS 97198 03641	154
GWDTE Spring head, species poor. 'poor' M32. Dominated by <i>Montia fontana</i> (blinks). Bryophyte-poor. <i>Juncus squarrosus</i> dominant, with a little <i>Philonotis fontana</i> & <i>Brachythecium rutabulum</i> . <i>Myosotis stolonifera</i> , <i>Stellaria alsine</i> , <i>Cardamine pratense</i> .	NS 97418 03512	155
Large pool (no NVC Community). Flanked by M2 community.	NS 97455 03126	156
Several M32 flushes running west off hill in this area. Heavy rain prevented mapping with Tablet.	NS 97101 02924 NS 97029 03099 NS 96995 03165 NS 96878 03333	158
HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: M10. Key spp; <i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i> , abundant <i>Carex viridula</i> , <i>Carex panicea</i> . Bryophyte including <i>Palustriella commutata</i> , <i>Scorpidium revolvens</i> (particularly abundant).	NS 97325 05522	161
Lower part of blanket mire in drier condition. Dark areas M17c (dry: <i>Juncus squarrosus</i>). Paler M20 and M20-M25. All peat depth >50cm.	NS 97425 04786	162
M6c & M6d flanking burn. Also U5a.	NS 97837 04351	163

ID	Grid Ref	Note
164 NS	97866 04403	Patches grassland by river MG10- type. Holcus lanatus/Ranunculus repens/Juncus effusus dominant. However, also much Nardus stricta and Agrostis capillaris.
165 NS	97868 04427	High GWDTE POTENTIAL M23a - good quality. Most species rich seen so far <i>Galium palustre, Ranunculus flammula, Viola palustris, Cardamine pratensis</i> all abundant.
166 NS	97864 04439	High GWDTE POTENTIAL. M23 grades to M6a - clearly enriched. Carex panicea abundant. Much potamogeton (M29).
167 NS	97827 04517	M10 base-rich flush HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL. Feeds mosaic acid flush/marshy grassland along river edge. Whole area strongly influenced by GW.
168 NS	97845 04534	Base flush starts here.
169 NS	97902 04478	Calcaerous grassland associated with flush. CG10. Thymus polytrichus, Achillea milefolium, Prunella vulgaris, Trifolium repens, Plantago lanceolata, Cerastium fontanum (mouse-ear) etc.
170 NS	97952 04403	Base flush reaching edge river terrace.
171 NS	97952 04379	M23a Species-rich. Including <i>potamogeton</i> soakaway (M29). high GWDTE POTENTIAL. Includes <i>Achillea ptarmica</i> (sneezewort).
172 NS	97991 04362	Whole area where base-rich flush feeds down to river terrace. Very rich <i>Carex</i> sward. Very species rich. Area must be avoided
173 NS	98055 04425	Large area <i>Carex</i> rich sward associated with this flush. CG10b. <i>Carex panicea/C. flacca/C. echinata</i> dominant. <i>Linus catharticum, Pedicularis palustris</i> , as well as species already listed. <i>Achillea ptarmica</i> (sneezewort) particularly abundant.
174 NS	98101 04467	Source extensive base flush.
175 NS	98033 04474	Source flush.
176 NS	98046 04497	Flush above more neutral; M23. But spp rich and clearly base influence.
177 NS	98172 04391	High GWDTE. Flush here less base-rich. More like species rich M23. Lower area very rushy M23a. Clearly still base influence.
178 NS	98177 04330	Away from flush area, still species-rich grassland CG10. <i>Thymus polytrichus</i> (/ <i>Praecox</i>) frequent, spp rich; <i>Achillea millefolium, Viola riviniana, Trifolium repens</i> Prunella vulgaris (Selfheal) etc.
179 NS	98281 04350	Base-rich flush running all way downhill from here.
180 NS	98311 04392	Flushed ground takes form of M15c here (Carex panicea sub-community).
181 NS	98345 04488	Above this line, hillside still flushed but acid flush (M6c&d). Suspect fault/shift in geology below this height as responsible for base flushes.
182 NS	99010 04440	M6a.
183 NS	99526 04213	M15c Carex panicea sub-community here. GWDTE. Mild flushing. No obvious source found.



Note	Grid Ref	ID
Good M17c here	NS 99740 03895	184
Plateau stabilised hags M17c high ground. U5a / M20 lower.	NS 99954 03789	185
Large area rush pasture running down slope here. Mosaic M6 & M23. Signs of	NT 00017 03561	186
base input.		
No clear Ground Water input found. Treat whole area as GWDTE.	NC 00047 02552	107
Signs of base input here (<i>Carex panicea</i> abundant).	NS 99947 03552	187
M10. HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL. Base rich flush.	NS 99864 03391	188
Slight base flush.	NS 99923 03370	189
CG10b; much Carex panicea, Thymus polytrichus (/Praecox) present. Species rich- same assemblage as previous areas. Not surveyed in detail. Suggests base flushing above.	NS 99687 03338	190
Base flush running down to CG10.	NS 99692 03395	191
Grassland species-rich rich CG10 in areas. Not sampled.	NS 98678 04149	192
M10 flush originating here.	NS 98580 04170	193
Poor M6 flanking narrow burn/ ditch.	NS 96778 04531	197
M6c (poor).	NS 96775 03910	198
Small flushes here neutral (species poor M23a). Presumably influence of springs above.	NS 96812 03166	199
Point where flush feeds in to grassland. Does not produce calcaerous grassland. Is clearly improved and fairly rich U4 but definitely not calcaerous.	NS 97061 02868	200
Scattered peat hags. M17c/M15b on hags; basically very poor dry bog going-over to wet heath. Between hags a mix of M20 (M3 - Sphagnum fallax) or U5.	NS 97503 02655	202
Clear differences across fence. More degraded/ acid grass to east.	NS 97415 02757	203
Head of burns; acidic; feeding poor M6c.	NS 97702 02744	204
Area between hags wetter here; mainly Sphagnum fallax but some Sphagnum papillosum & Sphagnum capillifolium. peat depth >50cm. Eriophorum vaginatum constant (M20: Sphagnum variant). Much of U5 above is U5b (Polytrichum sub-community).	NS 97610 02576	205
Plateau mosaic M20 with much U6. Festuca viviparia abundant.	NS 97395 02377	206
Extensive M6c and M6a between hags.	NS 97204 02037	207
M10/ M37 starts here.	NS 97137 01330	208
M10 flush.	NS 97077 01329	209
Base rich community following burn downhill. Signs of base enrichment to grassland.	NS 96988 01352	210
U5 40%: U6 10%: M15 15%: M20 15%: M23 5%: M6c 5%: M17c 10%. Wet heath and M20 and poor M17c on remnant consolidated hags. Acid grassland (U5 & U6) elsewhere.	NS 96744 02111	211
Lower slopes below TN 211 U5 60%: U6 25%: M15 15%. Much U5b probably M23/M6 on flank to W.	NS 96657 02454	212
Lower slopes almost all U5a.	NS 96600 02565	213

215 NS 96505 02774 Old stabilised hags occasional from here. Poor M20 (with much <i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i>) and M15. USa between hags. At very bottom M23c species poor with abundant Vaccinium oxycoccos. 217 NS 98688 07320 Very poor M17c, going-over to wet heath. <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> constant but Sphagnum reduced to runnels and much bare peat. Remainder M25a and M3. 218 NS 98751 07285 Runnel with abundant <i>Carex viridula & Carex panicea</i> . Clearly base rich water input. No obvious source nearby. Presumably spring uphill. 220 NS 99070 06883 Where ground levels peat depth. 221 NS 99362 06666 Small base rich flush. No clear spring/emergence. 222 Carex. Carex panicea Abundant. Bryophyte: Scorpidium cossonii, Bryum pseudotriquetrum, Calliergonella cuspidata. Succisa pratensis/ Trifolium repens/ Juncus articulatus Frequent. 223 NS 99591 06483 M25-M20 intergrade. Still abundant <i>Sphagnum</i> , although sparse & confined to ditches in places. Peat depth >50cm. 224 NS 99585 06335 M20(M17). <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> dominant but all M17 species frequent. 225 NS 99517 06149 River Flanked by degraded species poor M23a Juncus affusus tussocks - graze around (<i>Rumex sp.</i> (sorrel)/ <i>Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus squarrosus</i>). 226 NS 99536 06129 M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. 227 NS 99603 05931 M29 Soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. 228 NS 99630 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, <i>Juncus squarrosus</i> Abundant, grading to M20). 70%: M20b(M17) 30%. 229 NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. 230 NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed USc flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. 231 NS 99460 05791 GWDTE; Flushed USc flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. 232 NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water source mapher perviously (TN 126). Whole are should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich communities perhage even more extensive. 233 NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which r	ID	Grid Ref	Note
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Carex: Carex panicea Abundant. Bryophyte: Scorpidium cossonii, Bryum pseudotriquetrum, Calliergonella cuspidata. Succisa pratensis/ Trifolium repens/ Juncus articulatus Frequent. M25-M20 intergrade. Still abundant Sphagnum, although sparse & confined to ditches in places. Peat depth >50cm. M24 NS 99585 06335 M20(M17). Eriophorum vaginatum dominant but all M17 species frequent. NS 99517 06149 River Flanked by degraded species poor M23a Juncus effusus tussocks - grazed around (Rumex sp. (sorrel)/ Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus squarrosus). U4 species frequent Agrostis capillaris and Galium saxatille. NS 99630 06129 M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. NS 99635 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20), 70%; M20b(M17) 30%. NS 99635 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20), 70%; M20b(M17) 30%. M25 NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis Jaxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warristorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. NS 99487 05774 GWDTE; flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. NS 99487 05774 GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. NS 99480 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. NS 99435 05802 M10 still emerges to this point.	220 NS 9	9070 06883	Where ground levels peat depth.
NS 99585 06335 M20(M17). Eriophorum vaginatum dominant but all M17 species frequent. NS 99517 06149 River Flanked by degraded species poor M23a Juncus effusus tussocks - grazed around (Rumex sp. (sorrel)/ Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus squarrosus). U4 species frequent Agrostis capillaris and Galium saxatile. NS 99536 06129 M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. NS 99603 05931 M23b in fairly dry ditch. River Flanked by degraded species poor M23a Juncus effusus tussocks - grazed around (Rumex sp. (sorrel)/ Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus squarrosus). U4 species frequent Agrostis capillaris and Galium saxatile. M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. M29 NS 99635 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20). 70%: M20b(M17) 30%. M29 NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here.	221 NS 9	9362 06666	Carex: Carex panicea Abundant. Bryophyte: Scorpidium cossonii, Bryum pseudotriquetrum, Calliergonella cuspidata. Succisa pratensis/ Trifolium repens/
River Flanked by degraded species poor M23a Juncus effusus tussocks - grazed around (Rumex sp. (sorrel)/ Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus squarrosus). U4 species frequent Agrostis capillaris and Galium saxatile. NS 99536 06129 M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. NS 99603 05931 M23b in fairly dry ditch. Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20). 70%: M20b(M17) 30%. NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here.	223 NS 9	9591 06483	
around (Rumex sp. (sorrel)/ Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus squarrosus). U4 species frequent Agrostis capillaris and Galium saxatile. NS 99536 06129 M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence. NS 99603 05931 M23b in fairly dry ditch. NS 99635 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20). 70%: M20b(M17) 30%. NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here.	224 NS 9	9585 06335	M20(M17). Eriophorum vaginatum dominant but all M17 species frequent.
NS 99536 06129 NS 99603 05931 NS 99603 05931 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20). 70%: M20b(M17) 30%. NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. NS 99487 05774 GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here.	225 NS 9	9517 06149	around (Rumex sp. (sorrel)/ Ranunculus repens/ Holcus lanatus/Juncus
NS 99603 05931 NS 99635 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20). 70%:			U4 species frequent Agrostis capillaris and Galium saxatile.
NS 99635 06013 Bog here M17c (dry, Juncus squarrosus Abundant, grading to M20). 70%:	226 NS 9	9536 06129	M29 soakaway in ditch. Ground Water influence.
NS 99550 05906 HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL: Spring head. Bryophyte rich spring head. Below = carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here.	227 NS 9	9603 05931	
Carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex: Carex panicea, Carex viridula, Carex flacca. 230 NS 99512 05853 GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species. 231 NS 99487 05774 GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. 232 NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. 233 NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here. 234 NS 99435 05802 M10 still emerges to this point.	228 NS 9	9635 06013	
231 NS 99487 05774 GWDTE; this burn obviously connects with Ground Water source mapped previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. 232 NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. 233 NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here. 234 NS 99435 05802 M10 still emerges to this point.	229 NS 99	9550 05906	carex rich sward. Montia fontana (blinks) dominant at spring head (with some Myosotis laxa & Epilobium sp., Achillea ptarmica (sneezewort)). Bryophyte: Philonotis fontana, Scorpidium cossonii, Dichodontium palustre, Warnstorfia exannulata. Carex:
previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground Water. Base rich community following burn. 232 NS 99462 05798 Another burn running down here - associated Ground Water communities perhaps even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. 233 NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here. 234 NS 99435 05802 M10 still emerges to this point.	230 NS 9	9512 05853	GWDTE; Flushed U5c flanking burn which contains calcaerous species.
even more extensive. M10 and associated calcaerous grassland- needs detailed assessment. NS 99440 05791 Source of textbook M10 flush which runs downhill from here. NS 99435 05802 M10 still emerges to this point.	231 NS 9	9487 05774	previously (TN 126). Whole area should be considered dependent on Ground
NS 99435 05802 M10 still emerges to this point.	232 NS 99	9462 05798	even more extensive.
	233 NS 9	9440 05791	•
005 NO 00400 05000	234 NS 9	9435 05802	M10 still emerges to this point.
235 NS 99420 05836 M10 here.	235 NS 9	9420 05836	M10 here.
236 NS 99390 05849 M10 here.	236 NS 9	9390 05849	M10 here.



ID	Grid Ref	Note
237	NS 99371 05859	M10 here. Note much U5c between this point and adjacent. Moves towards bog
		from hereon.
238	NS 99328 05862	U5c here.
239	NS 99124 06095	Upper part polygon M19a 70%: M20b 30%.
240	NS 98971 06029	Steep river embankment H12.
241	NS 98604 06174	River gully with H12. Calluna vulgaris gnarly, Vaccinium myrtillus very sparse and bryophyte poor; borderline H9.
242	NS 98604 06305	U5a 20%: M19b 20%: M25a 60%. Marshy grassland.
243	NS 98669 06388	Darker areas M17c (Js) Rest M25-M20 intergrade peat depth >50cm. M6d - flushed bog 10%.
244	NS 97426 05653	M10 base-rich flush runs down to here, then on to river. Clearly connected with feature above (TN 161). Good condition, bryophyte & Carex rich. Quick assessment; Pinguicula vulgaris, Selaginella selaginoides (lesser clubmoss). Carex viridula. Bryophyte include; Scorpidium revolvens, Campylium stellatum, Warnostorfia sarmentosa, Breutelia chrysocoma.
245	NS 97558 05162	M29 soakaway here particularly rich. Signs of base enrichment (<i>Dichodontium palustre</i>) and much <i>Chrysosplenium oppositofolium</i> & <i>Carex rostrata</i> .
246	NS 97871 04078	Up to here; edge of bog; M20b 60%: M15b 20%: M17c 20%.
247	NS 97920 03994	Between hags/blocks of M17; mix of <i>Sphagnum</i> flush; M6d and <i>Sphagnum</i> fallax/Eriophorum damaged bog (M3). Drier areas mix of U5a/U4a and occasional U6.
248	NS 97948 03887	Larger areas fairly good M17c (<i>Juncus aquarrosus</i>); eroded peat but generally stabilised. M20b on lowered peat and M15b on stabilised peat slopes. Very little exposed/ actively eroding peat.
249	NS 97902 03784	On steeper ground; M17 gives way to M15b & U5a.
250	NS 97807 03691	Fairly flushed hillside. Appears to all be scattered areas of poor M6c and M6d (<i>Juncus</i> with <i>Sphagnum fallax</i>).
251	NS 97779 03607	M10 base-rich flush. Wet flushed hillside- surrounded by several other flushes- acid M6d. Includes abundant Carex viridula & Carex panicea, Scorpidium revolvens, Breutelia chrysocoma, Cnetidium molluscum/Palustriella commutata, Pseudoscleropodium purum.
252	NS 97800 03587	M10.
253	NS 97788 03542	Clearly enriched, species-rich grassland here. Not CG10. Many damp grassland herbs (<i>Ranunculus repens/Cardamine sp.</i> as well as <i>Trifolium repens</i> etc. Appears to be diffuse seepage of base-rich water on this slope. Sheep dunging probably factor as well.
254	NS 97788 03515	M10. Very large swathe moving downhill.
255	NS 97814 03497	M10 extends to here. Some small patches U5c associated.
256	NS 98141 03184	Overall bog essentially M17c. Eroded peat but stable. Good M17c, all species and fairly good cover of <i>Sphagnum papillosum</i> . Lower areas M20 (M17). Essentially an intergrade; <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> dominant but M17 species, including

ID (Grid Ref	Note
		Sphagnum papillosum abundant. Some eroded areas forming Sphagnum pools/lawns (including Sphagnum papillosum). Percentages M17c 80%: M20(M17) 20%. Flat basin mire - peat will be deep & wet. Recommend avoid.
257 NS 9772	22 03044	Large swathe M6d coming down hill.
258 NS 9844	7 02771	Water flowing from spring clearly base rich; abundant calcicoles. Bryophyte includes <i>Scapania undulata/Campylium stellatum/Scorpidium revolvens</i> . Herb-rich below <i>Juncus effusus</i> ; much <i>Succisa pratensis, Prunella vulgaris</i> .
259 NS 9840	9 02763	Below flush; calcaerous grassland- probably CG10b; <i>Prunella vulgaris</i> Abundant, <i>Linum catharticum</i> (fairy flax). <i>Thymus polytrichus</i> (/ <i>Praecox</i>) present.
260 NS 9844	3 02623	Calcaerous mosses and <i>Carex</i> noted below the 2 flushes marked by P1 TNs. On walk through, base influence not apparent.
261 NS 9840	4 02701	Clear base influence here - Carex panicea Abundant.
262 NS 9842	21 02677	Base rich flush coming g down here. Pedicularis palustris, Linum catharticum, Pinguicula vulgaris, abundant Carex and calcaerous bryophyte.
263 NS 9843	2 02669	Large area M10.
264 NS 9857	3 02698	Little indication of Ground Water influence the above marked flushes; U4a and U5a (30:70)ra. However, drainage channel have M23, quite herb rich including <i>Ajuga reptans</i> . Possibly draining Ground Water source above.
265 NS 9864	0 02753	Weak signs of base flushing in Juncus above (Carex/Pinguicula vulgaris) source not found.
266 NS 9994	0 03127	Steep gullies. Not checked. Likely to have interesting flora, however very unlikely to be impacted by development.
267 NS 9943	37 02817	Deeply eroded. Still intact M17 on high peat. But much grading to M20/M15. Very wide and wet erosion channels - filled by bog pool/flush habitat – i.e. sheets of Sphagnum. Saturated.
268 NS 9973	86 02842	M20b.
269 NS 9950	00 02818	Deep cut river gullies here and, especially on opposite side. Given exposed possibly base rich geology may hold interesting/rare species. Unlikely to be impacted by the development. However if crossing gullies, survey advised. Rocks covered by <i>Thymus polytrichus</i> .
270 NS 9947	70 03149	Blanket mire comes all way to track on south side. Mainly M20/U6 but also some good condition M17c. Also very wet highly flushed sections (<i>Sphagnum fallax/Eriophorum vaginatum</i> flushed bog).
271 NS 9909	2 03104	HIGH GWDTE POTENTIAL. M10 base-rich flush. Large area of CG10 associated. Location of source NS 99097- 03108.
272 NS 9907	3 03134	M10 base-rich flush.
273 NS 9901	2 03180	M10. Entire slope flushed - crossed 3 other M10 flushes until reached this one. Runs down from further up.
274 NS 9893	32 03300	Very broad base-rich flush here. Not typical M10 but broad area flushed acid grass U5c and flushed <i>Juncus acutifloris</i> .



ID	Grid Ref	Note
275	NS 98910 03366	Much of grassland herb rich, appears calcareous. Getting dark so needs resurvey. Whole area needs mapped for GWDTE- high sensitivity.
276	NS 98842 03494	M10 base-rich flush comes right down to track side.
277	NS 98743 08217	M25a. Peat depth 50cm. Molinia caerulea tussocks have been burned recently.
278	NS 98775 08094	Spring: water rising from ground (not surface flow). Lacking bryophytes except for small patch <i>Brutelia chrysocoma</i> further down. Associated habitat; 'poor' M23b; <i>Juncus acutifloris</i> dominant, <i>Viola palustris/Ajuga reptans/Cirsium palustre/ Calliergonella cuspidata/ Brachythecium rutabulum/ Deschampsia cespitosa</i> (notably; <i>Galium palustre & Rumex acetosa</i> not seen). However, majority has acid grass community with <i>Juncus</i> (<i>Hylocomium splendens</i>).
279	NS 98772 08098	CG10a grassland associated with spring; confirms Ground Water spring despite lack of bryophyte at location of spring. Thymus polytrichus (/Praecox) Abundant, Briza media, Plantago lanceolata, Pinguicula vulgaris, Viola riviniana, Trifolium repens, Carex panicea. Ctenidium molluscum - confirms calcaerous habitat.
280	NS 98862 08002	CG10 grassland between M10 flush and main burn.
281	NS 98912 07991	This area is highly flushed - calcaerous grassland species very frequent.
282	NS 98927 08020	Where ditches converge large M10 flush community. Drainage channels will have base-rich flushes feeding-in upstream. Indicative species; Carex panicea/ Carex viridula/ Pinguicula vulgaris/ Prunella vulgaris/ Philonotis fontana/ Scorpidium revolvens/ Bryum pseudotriquetrum.
283	NS 98847 07936	Mainly M25a & M6d but calcaerous species within ditch. Also the two communities particularly herb rich and <i>Carex panicea</i> abundant- Ground Water flushed.
284	NS 98808 08002	M23a here; Galium palustre & Ranunculus flammula.
285	NS 98734 07735	Occasional areas peat depth >50cm; Eriophorum vaginatum & Sphagnum capillifolium/ Sphagnum papillosum in M25 sward.
286	NS 98216 07967	Seepage at this point. Mildly base rich - <i>Brutelia chrysocoma</i> Abundant. Location NS 98221-07963. Feeds small patch <i>Juncus acutifloris</i> - generally acid in composition.
287	NS 98100 08090	Heath on N facing slope = H21; damp heath with much Sphagnum capillifolium below dense canopy of Calluna vulgaris.
288	NS 97817 07781	H12; building phase Calluna vulgaris on steep slope. Poor bryophyte below (dominated by Hypnum jutlandicum but Hylocomium splendens & Pleurozium schreberi coming through). Erica tetralix, Empetrum nigrum, Rhytidiadelphus loreus. Racomitrium lanuginosum Frequent. Pleurozium schreberi, Diphasiastrum alpinum (Alpine club moss) & Lycopodium clavatum (Stags horn club moss) Abundant. Vaccinium myrtillus absent - very upland associate/feel to this stand (H13).
289	NS 97926 07736	Burned heath. Now M25a few pockets remnant heath.
290	NS 97913 07569	Remnant M17c - going-over to M20b, some wet heath.

Note	Grid Ref	ID
Base-enriched location. No spring located - acidic all around. Maybe localised enrichment by rock exposures in ditch. Philonotis fontana/ Bryum pseudotriquetrum in ditch. Species rich grassland adjacent (Pinguicula vulgaris/ Plantago lanceolata/ Trifolium repens).	NS 98200 07351	291
Species rich U4 grassland at this location - <i>Pinguicula vulgaris/ Plantago lanceolata/ Trifolium repens/ Carex panicea</i> . No <i>Thymus polytrichus</i> seen. No sign of flushing; presumably due to thin soils/exposed rocks.	NS 98162 07253	292
Ditch here has <i>Dichodontium palustre</i> . The ditch excavations in this area presumably account for the observed mild flushing in the habitats below.	NS 98206 07300	293
GWDTE. Clear Ground Water input from above. Area highly irrigated by base-rich water. Calcicoles abundant here and in adjacent rush pasture and M25.	NS 98854 07341	294
M23a with abundant Filipendula ulmaria flanking burn. Remainder U4b.	NS 98907 07606	295
CG10a noted here. River to east flanked by spp rich M23 (Filipendula ulmaria & Ajuga reptans abundant). Ditches with calcicoles. Clear Ground Water influence.	NS 98930 07642	296
Track flanked by U4b on west side.	NS 98910 07708	297
Looking east - possible M10 flushes on north side of burn.	NS 98958 07815	298
Base-rich community associated with burn coming down from east.	NS 98968 07857	299
Patches of Juncus effusus M23b.	NS 98979 07194	300
Small patch of M23a.	NS 99966 08040	301
Small patch of M23a.	NS 99976 08102	302
Small patch of M20b.	NS 99920 08231	303
Small patch of M25b.	NS 99557 07486	304
Patches of M23b along ditch.	NS 99416 07696	305
Small patch of M20b.	NS 99712 07751	306
Small patch of M15b.	NS 99735 07855	307
M23a small patch.	NS 99399 07657	308
M23a patch.	NS 99616 08207	309
M10a. Small patch dominated by Carex nigra with Carex echinata and Carex panicea abundant. Fairly wet, small mosses. Holcus lanatus and other grasses throughout.	NT 00351 09341	310
M20b within M19a area. Fewer species: Sphagnum fallax, Deschampsia flexuosa, Polytrichum commune. Poor ericoid cover.	NS 98986 07131	311
Small rill section with Sphagnums, Narthecium ossifragum, Ranunculus flammula, Carex viridula, C. panacea and Juncus acutiflorus. No specific NVC code but some botanical interest.	NS 99062 07766	312
M35 rill. Montia fontana, Ranunculus flammula Dominant, Equisetum palustre, Juncus bulbosus, Carex panicea, Myosotis, Carex viridula, Sphagnum denticulatum, mosses Abundant.	NS 98534 09114	314
M20 in gully.	NT 00243 08873	315

Source: Tringa Ecology



Primary Proposed Access Route

A6.4.3. Descriptions of all habitats recorded during the Phase 1 Habitat and NVC surveys on the Primary Proposed Access Route are presented in Table 6.9, target notes recorded on the Primary Proposed Access Route during the habitat surveys are shown in Table 6.10.

Table 9: Phase 1 and NVC Habitat descriptions on the Primary Proposed Access Route 2020

Habitat Name	Phase 1 Code	NVC code	Notes
Broadleaved woodland - plantation	A1.1.2	W7	
Broadleaved woodland - plantation	A1.1.2	W11	
Coniferous woodland - plantation	A1.2.2		
Scrub	A2	W4	
Scrub	A2	W7	
Scrub - dense/continuous	A2.1		
Scrub - scattered	A2.2	W7	
Coniferous woodland - recently felled	A4.2		
Acid grassland - unimproved	B1.1	U2b	
Acid grassland - unimproved	B1.1	U4a	
Acid grassland - semi-improved	B1.2	U4b	
Neutral grassland - unimproved	B2.1	MG9	
Neutral grassland - unimproved	B2.1	MG10	
Neutral grassland - semi-improved	B2.2	MG10	
Improved grassland	B4		
Marsh/marshy grassland	B5	M23a-b	
Marsh/marshy grassland	B5	M25a	
Marsh/marshy grassland	B5	MG9	
Poor semi-improved grassland	B6	MG6b	
Bracken	C1		
Bracken	C1	U20	
Bracken - continuous	C1.1	U20	
Bracken - scattered	C1.2		
Other tall herb and fern	C3	M27	Filpendula ulmaria dominant over much of area (M27)
Other tall herb and fern	C3	M23	Filpendula ulmaria dominant over much of area (M27)
Other tall herb and fern - non ruderal	C3.2		
Dry dwarf shrub heath - acid	D1.1	H10	
Dry heath/acid grassland	D5		
Wet modified bog	E1.7	M19	

Habitat Name	Phase 1 Code	NVC code	Notes
Wet modified bog	E1.7	M20	
Wet modified bog	E1.7	M25a	
Flush and spring - acid/neutral flush	E2.1	M4	
Flush and spring - acid/neutral flush	E2.1	M6c-d	
Flush and spring - basic flush	E2.2	M10	
Swamp	F1	S10	
Swamp	F1	S12	
Swamp	F1	OV35	Mosaic with S10/S12/S19
Swamp	F1	S19	
Other habitat	J5		Borrow pit/quarry

Source: Tringa Ecology

Table 10: NVC and Phase 1 Target Notes in the Primary Proposed Access Route 2020

P1 or		
NVC	ID	Notes
P1	1	Ditch/edge of burn species-rich. Enrichment from burn and/or track material. Succisa pratensis/Prunella vulgaris Abundant, Euphrasia sp./ Carex flacca Frequent
P1	3	Track side drainage; Salix cinerea scrub/rush pasture mosaic.
P1	4	Still M25 but fairly mixed sward; Juncus acutiflorus/ Juncus effusus/ Deschampsia cespitosa abundant in sward dominated by Molinia caerulea.
P1	7	M25a; peat depth >50 cm over much of the area but not consistently. Mapped as wet modified bog. Species-poor <i>Molinia</i> sward; <i>Eriophorum vaginatum/ Potentilla erecta</i> Occasional. No other bog associates.
P1	8	M23a - species-rich as further up (grading towards M27; Filipendula ulmaria Abundant). Carex rostrata and Phalaris sp. abundant where wettest.
P1	9	Rock exposures- species rich. <i>Thymus sp.</i> absent. <i>Pilosella officinarum</i> Abundant. <i>Drosera rotundifolia/Achillea millefolium/ Festuca ovina</i> Abundant.
P1	12	Thicket stage spruce on this side of track as well.
P1	13	General note: track side vegetation is mainly spp of disturbed ground (<i>Chamaenerion angustifolium/Tussilago farfara/Plantago major</i> etc). <i>Salix cinerea</i> Occasional. Neutral grass with enrichment from track (<i>Euphrasia sp./Prunella vulgaris</i>). Ditches generally filled with <i>Sphagnum fallax</i> . Edge plantation with poor dry heath (<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>).
P1	14	General observation; tall ruderal (<i>Chamaenerion angustifolium</i>) frequent in patches throughout, all habitats.
P1	15	Large drain - culverted below track.
P1	16	Salix sp. much more sparse along track.
P1	17	Stand of <i>Juncus effusus</i> has broad appearance of acid flush but just a messy assemblage growing over brash. Mainly <i>Juncus effusus</i> with acid grass associates.



P1 or NVC	ID	Notes
NVC	1	M23a; Juncus acutiflorus sub-community; species-rich. Potentilla palustris/ Carex rostrata/Geum rivale/ Filipendula ulmaria/ Caltha palustris/ Myosotis secunda/ Achillea ptarmica/ Lynchnis flos-cuculi among usual M23 spp. Stellaria alsine Rare.
NVC	2	Filipendula ulmaria comes to dominance in patches (with much Geum rivale & Carex rostrata). Grading towards M27. Note species-richness greatest along water course. Slight acid flush at outer edge (small patch Sphagnum palustre).
NVC	3	More acidic in nature here; Sphagnum palustre. M6 Juncus effusus sub-community (M6c). Very small extent- surrounded by M23.
NVC	4	Carex rostrata dominant at this location Very swampy. M23 associates; Juncus acutiflorus/Galium palustre/Cirsium palstre/Rumex acetosa/Epilobium palustre. Basically a small patch of species-poor Carex rostrata swamp (S9a) in deeper water within M23 rush-pasture.
NVC	5	Carex rostrata swamp. Very wet, inundated. Carex rostrata dominant but with some M23 associates. Associates; Galium saxatile/Epilobium montanum/Cirsium palustre/Juncus effusus. A small patch of species-poor Carex rostrata swamp (S9a) in deeper water within M23 rush-pasture.
NVC	6	Species-rich area of M23; Angelica sylvestris Abundant, Valeriana officinalis Occasional. Sward dominated by Juncus and M23 associates although Arrhenatherum elatius Abundant. Intergrade M23-MG9b.
NVC	7	M23 associated with burn in from plantation.
NVC	8	M23-M27. Small patches good for M27. Others M23 or intergrade with M27. M23 80%: M27 20%. Angelica sp./Lotus uliginosus/Galium palustre Abundant. Filipendula ulmaria abundant in patches. Valeriana officinalis/Deschampsia cespitosa/Urtica sp. Frequent. Juncus effusus/ Juncus acutiflorus Constant. Caltha palustris/Geum rivale /Marsh woundwort (Stachys palustris) Occasional (abundant where M27). Chrysosplenium oppositifolium Rare.
NVC	11	Species-rich M23a. Verbena officinalis/Angelica sp./Vaccinium uliginosum Abundant. Filipendula Rare. Otherwise all M23 Juncus acutiflorus sub-community.
NVC	12	Still species-rich M23. Occasional patches where <i>Filipendula ulmaria</i> comes to dominance.
NVC	13	Still species-rich M23. Occasional acid input (Sphagnum fallax), Carex nigra sward.
NVC	14	M10 runnel. Parnassia palustris/ Pinguicula vulgaris/Briza media/Pedicularis palustris/Carex flacca/Carex viridula/Carex panicea. Scorpidium cossonii Abundant.

P1 or NVC	ID	Notes
NVC	15	M10 in rivulet here. Note: source of base-rich flushes not found: as you walk-up, flushes become less distinct- grades to species-rich M25c.
NVC	16	M23 Juncus acutiflorus sub-community - less species-rich than across wall/nearer water but fairly rich in places. Marshy grassland.
NVC	17	W7: willow carr (Salix aurita/Salix cinerea/Crataegus sp.). Lysimachia nemorum /Ranunculus repens/Ajuga reptans/Deschampsia cespitosa Abundant. Prunella vulgaris/Primula vulgaris/Viola riviniana/Veronica montana Common.
NVC	18	W11 on steeper banks. Same canopy species (Salix carr). Anthoxanthum odoratum/Agrostis capillaris/Deschampsia flexuosa/Potentilla erecta/Hylocomium splendens/Pleurozium schreberi/ Galium saxatile/ Teucrium scorodonia/ Oreopteris limbosperma
NVC	19	Alder (Alnus glutinosa) with relict W7. Chrysosplenium oppositifolium/Plagiomnium undulatum.
NVC	20	Small area M4. Disturbed.
NVC	21	Carex rostrata dominant in trackside ditch. No Sphagnum. Not GWDTE. More analogous with Carex rostrata swamp (S9a; species-poor sub-community) although dry at time.
NVC	22	As can be seen from aerial, this section of track is crossed by several large drains (culverted below track). All have associated rush-pasture vegetation- largely neutral (M23; Galium saxatile/Ranunculus repens etc) but occasionally more acidic in patches.
NVC	23	See TN 22: Map drains as marshy grassland B5 (M23) but note highly modified by drainage and forestry management.
NVC	24	M23 with Salix scrub.
NVC	25	Edge of burn with low quality dry heath /acid grassland/Juncus vegetation. Highly disturbed by forestry management. Habitat described in more detail on opposite side of track. Chamaenerion angustifolium/bracken (Pteridium aquilinum) Abundant.
NVC	26	River corridor quite steep sided with dry heath (H10)/acid grassland (U2&U4). Some scrub within gully (Salix/Sorbus/Rubus/Dryopteris & exotic conifer). Much disturbance/bracken (Pteridium aquilinum)/Chamaenerion angustifolium on lower ground
NVC	27	Dry heath here is H12 (Vaccinium myrtillus in Calluna sward, Erica cinerea absent).
NVC	28	At edge; W11 in nature: Oreopteris limbosperma/Vaccinium myrtillus/Thuidium tamariscinum/Oxalis acetosella (last v.abundant). Deschampsia flexuosa abundant, although not as grassy as typical due to deep shade from mature spruce.
NVC	29	Salix/Sorbus scrub continues a short distance this side of track.

Source: Tringa Ecology

Bat Surveys

A6.4.4. Potential Roost Features (PRFs) from the daytime inspection of trees and other structures with the potential to support bat roosts are presented in Table 12. Metrics recorded by static detectors for each species are shown in Table 6.13. Timing of bat calls recorded by static detectors are shown in Figure 1. Relative bat activity levels have also been assessed for each bat detector following SNH guidance³. Assessment of the median activity levels per season is in Table 14 and Table 15 are given in Table 16. Assessment of the median activity levels per bat detector location is in Table 17 and assessment of the maximum activity levels per bat detector location is in Table 18.



Table 11: PRFs recorded in trees during bat walkover surveys 2019

	Distance from Proposed							
Grid Reference	Development (m)	Roost Potential	Tree Species	Life Stage	PRF	Height	Orientation	Notes
NS 97191 06213	793	high number of PRF	Scots pine	Semi-mature - Alive (good condition)	Lifting bark	1-2 m	South	Lone tree less than 60m from Crookburn.
								Two bird nests, possibly crows, in the higher branches
NS 97191 06213	7932	high number of PRF	Scots pine	Semi-mature - Alive (good condition)				Lone tree less than 60m from Crookburn

Table 12: PRFs recorded in structures during bat walkover surveys 2019

Grid Reference	Distance from Proposed Development (m)	Roof design	Roof material	Roof void	Habitat	Roost Potential	Access notes	Notes
NS 98562 07354	418			No	Grassland, open moorland a burn	Low	Gaps between the stones that make up the walls of the bridge on both sides of the burn	
NS 98597 07332	377	Barn - pitched roof	Corrugated plastic and metal	No	Grassland and moorland	Low	Used periodically through the year, cracks present in render in outer wall, gap under overhanging roof, not secure, two broken windows. Used for storage.	Recent work done to inside and outside of barn. Render repaired in some areas
NS 98597 07332	377	Barn - pitched roof	Corrugated plastic and metal	No	Grassland and moorland	Low	Used periodically through the year, cracks present in render, gap under overhanging roof, not secure, two broken windows. Used for storage.	Recent work done to inside and outside of barn. Render repaired in some areas
NS 98597 07332	377	Barn - pitched roof	Corrugated plastic and metal	No	Grassland and moorland	Low	Used periodically through the year, cracks present in render in inner walls, gap under overhanging roof, not secure, two broken windows. Used for storage.	Recent work done to inside and outside of barn. Render repaired in some areas
NS 98597 07332	377	Barn - pitched roof	Corrugated plastic and metal	No	Grassland and moorland	Low	Used periodically through the year, cracks present in render, gap under overhanging roof, not secure, two broken	Recent work done to inside and outside of barn. Render repaired in some areas



Grid Reference	Distance from Proposed Development (m)	Roof design	Roof material	Roof void	Habitat	Roost Potential	Access notes	Notes
							windows. Used for storage. Wooden beams with gaps/cracks	
				No Bur	irn and open moorland	Low	Stone culvert with stone bridge. 1m high. Gaps between stones Low/neg potential	
NS 97305 05980	886			No	Next to Crookburn	Low	Stone wall next to bridge. Multiple gaps between stones	
NS 97316 05979	877				Bridge over Crookburn. Made from stone metal and wood	Low	Gaps between stone wall and wooden bridge	

Table 13: Key metrics for each detector and bat species recorded

Detector ID	Species	Median Percentile	95% Cls	Max Percentile	Nights Recorded	Reference Range
1	Mouse-eared bat species	38	38 - 38	42	2	767.5
1	Common pipistrelle	1	1 - 1	49	5	1372
1	Soprano pipistrelle	1	1 - 17.5	34	7	1567
1	Brown long-eared bat	34	0	34	1	112
2	Mouse-eared bat species	38	28.5 - 49	67	20	781.5
2	Nyctalus bat species	29	1 - 44.5	60	5	1104
2	Leisler's bat	43	0	43	1	304
2	Leisler's bat	1	0	1	1	314
2	Pipistrelle sp.	91	87.5 - 94	97	4	2013
2	Common pipistrelle	78	58 - 81	96	29	1246
2	Soprano pipistrelle	61	51 - 72	95	24	1481
3	Mouse-eared bat species	1	1 - 25	49	8	780.6
3	Leisler's bat	1	0	1	1	314
3	Pipistrelle sp.	81	0	81	1	2013
3	Common pipistrelle	42	22 - 56	78	17	1253
3	Soprano pipistrelle	34	24.5 - 49	72	19	1454
4	Mouse-eared bat species	1	1 - 1	34	3	816.7
4	Common pipistrelle	29	15 - 44.5	64	15	1385
4	Soprano pipistrelle	8	1 - 34	59	14	1431
4	Brown long-eared bat	1	0	1	1	112
5	Mouse-eared bat species	22	8 - 35.5	70	14	766.4



Detector ID	Species	Median Percentile	95% Cls	Max Percentile	Nights Recorded	Reference Range
5	Leisler's bat	1	0	1	1	314
5	Common pipistrelle	38	25 - 52	83	18	1387
5	Soprano pipistrelle	39	17.5 - 54.5	64	10	1600
6	Leisler's bat	57	0	57	1	132
6	Common pipistrelle	1	1 - 38	75	5	1588
6	Soprano pipistrelle	1	1 - 1	67	11	1579
7	Mouse-eared bat species	18	1 - 34	34	6	816.7
7	Nyctalus bat species	1	0	1	1	1104
7	Leisler's bat	1	1 - 1	34	3	184.7
7	Pipistrelle sp.	82	81.5 - 81.5	85	2	2013
7	Nathusius' pipistrelle	1	0	1	1	7
7	Common pipistrelle	50	26 - 63	92	18	1357
7	Soprano pipistrelle	38	24.5 - 52.5	81	20	1489
7	Brown long-eared bat	34	34 - 34	34	3	112
8	Mouse-eared bat species	15	1 - 41.5	70	15	799.3
8	Leisler's bat	1	0	1	1	304
8	Pipistrelle sp.	98	97.5 - 97.5	99	2	2013
8	Nathusius' pipistrelle	43	34 - 78	78	3	8.333
8	Common pipistrelle	68	45 - 76	98	24	1337
8	Soprano pipistrelle	66	42.5 - 69.5	97	23	1445
8	Brown long-eared bat	18	17.5 - 17.5	34	2	112
9	Mouse-eared bat species	1	1 - 1	15	4	776.2
9	Pipistrelle sp.	43	0	43	1	2013
9	Common pipistrelle	56	26 - 64.5	72	11	1500
9	Soprano pipistrelle	34	22 - 47	75	15	1552
10	Mouse-eared bat species	8	1 - 29	57	18	768.6
10	Nyctalus bat species	1	0	1	1	1104
10	Pipistrelle sp.	97	75 - 99	99	4	2013
10	Nathusius' pipistrelle	1	0	1	1	7
10	Common pipistrelle	49	38.5 - 73	98	19	1357
10	Soprano pipistrelle	67	44 - 80	98	21	1528
10	Brown long-eared bat	1	1 - 1	1	2	79
11	Mouse-eared bat species	43	29 - 56	84	23	763.5
11	Nyctalus bat species	29	0	29	1	1104
11	Leisler's bat	1	0	1	1	132
11	Leisler's bat	1	0	1	1	314
11	Pipistrelle sp.	87	87 - 87	87	3	2013



Detector ID	Species	Median Percentile	95% Cls	Max Percentile	Nights Recorded	Reference Range
11	Common pipistrelle	63	39.5 - 70.5	85	19	1300
11	Soprano pipistrelle	55	35 - 62.5	89	24	1442
11	Brown long-eared bat	1	0	1	1	112
12	Mouse-eared bat species	71	60.5 - 76.5	87	21	769.8
12	Nyctalus bat species	1	1 - 1	1	2	1104
12	Pipistrelle sp.	80	0	80	1	2013
12	Common pipistrelle	53	33 - 68	84	17	1349
12	Soprano pipistrelle	39	24.5 - 58.5	87	18	1521
12	Brown long-eared bat	1	1 - 1	1	2	112

Source: EcoBat



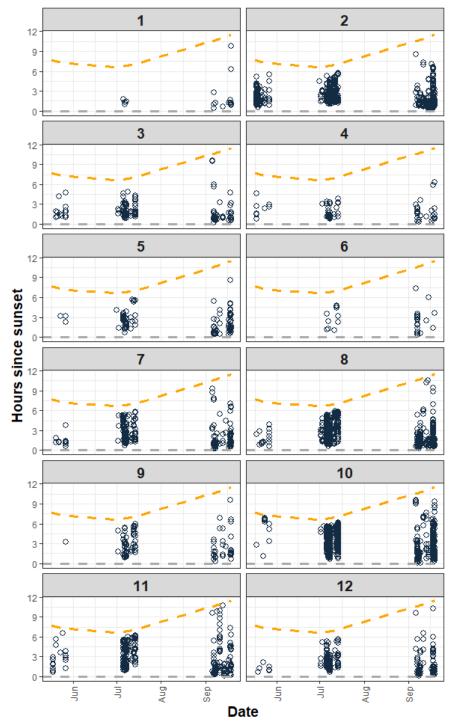


Figure 1: Timing of bat calls plotted as hours after sunset. Dashed grey line indicates sunset and dashed orange line indicates sunrise throughout the survey period. Bat calls are shown for common pipistrelle, soprano pipistrelle, Nathusius' pipistrelle, unidentified pipistrelle, common noctule, Leisler's bat and unidentified noctule.



power

Table 14: Ecobat relative bat activity for the median activity level (percentile) of bats recorded across each night of the bat survey for the Proposed Development summarised by season and for the whole year.

Species	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Year
Common pipistrelle	Low to Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Soprano pipistrelle	Moderate	Moderate	Low to Moderate	Moderate
Myotis sp.	Moderate	Low to Moderate	Low to Moderate	Low to Moderate
Nathusius' pipistrelle	NA	Moderate	Low	Low to Moderate
Noctule	NA	Low	Low	Low
Leisler's bat	NA	Low to Moderate	Low to Moderate	Low to Moderate
Brown long-eared	NA	Low	Low	Low

Source: Ecobat/Natural Power

Table 15: Ecobat relative bat activity for the maximum activity level (percentile) of bats recorded across each night of the bat survey for the Proposed Development summarised by season and for the whole year.

Species	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Year
Common pipistrelle	High	High	High	High
Soprano pipistrelle	High	High	High	High
Myotis sp.	High	High	Moderate to High	High
Nathusius' pipistrelle	NA	Moderate to High	Low to Moderate	Moderate to High
Noctule	NA	Low	Low to Moderate	Low to Moderate
Leisler's bat	NA	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Brown long-eared	NA	Low	Low to Moderate	Low to Moderate

Source: Ecobat/Natural Power

Table 16: Relative bat activity confidence intervals* for Table 14 and Table 15.

Species	Spring	Summer	Autumn
Common pipistrelle	58-81	58-81	58-81
Soprano pipistrelle	51-72	51-72	51-72
Myotis sp.	8-35.5	8-35.5	8-35.5
Nathusius' pipistrelle	NA	34-78	34-78
Noctule	NA	1-1	1-1
Leisler's bat	NA	0	0
Brown long-eared	NA	1-1	34-34

*The 95% confidence intervals represent the range of values that you can be 95% certain contains the true average bat activity for each species based on the range of data used in the assessment.

Source: Ecobat/Natural Power

Table 17: The Ecobat relative bat activity for the median activity level (percentile) of bats recorded across each night of the bat survey for each detector location summarised for the whole year.

Species	Species								Detector ID							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12				
Common pipistrelle	Low	Mod - High	Mod	Low - Mod	Low - Mod	Low	Mod	Mod - High	Mod	Mod	Mod - High	Mod				
Soprano pipistrelle	Low	Mod - High	Low - Mod	Low	Low - Mod	Low	Low - Mod	Mod - High	Low - Mod	Mod - High	Mod	Low - Mod				
Myotis sp.	Low - Mod	Low - Mod	Low	Low	Low - Mod	NA	Low	Low	Low	Low	Mod	Mod - High				
Nathusius' pipistrelle	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Low	Mod	NA	Low	NA	NA				
Noctule	NA	Low	Low	NA	Low	NA	Low	NA	NA	NA	Low	NA				
Leisler's bat	NA	Mod	NA	NA	NA	Mod	NA	Low	NA	NA	Low	NA				
Brown long-eared	Low - Mod	NA	NA	Low	NA	NA	Low-Mod	Low	NA	Low	Low	Low				
Dist. from turbine (m)	1210	930	300	180	170	70	170	460	125	270	710	575				

Source: Ecobat/Natural Power

Table 18: The Ecobat relative bat activity for the maximum activity level (percentile) of bats recorded across each night of the bat survey for each detector location summarised for the whole year.

Species	Detector ID											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Common pipistrelle	Mod	High	Mod - High	Mod - High	High	Mod - High	High	High	Mod - High	High	High	High
Soprano pipistrelle	Low - Mod	High	Mod - High	Mod	Mod - High	Mod - High	High	High	Mod - High	High	High	High
Myotis sp.	Mod	Mod - High	Mod	Low - Mod	Mod - High	NA	Low - Mod	Mod - High	Low	Mod	High	High
Nathusius' pipistrelle	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Low	Mod - High	NA	Low	NA	NA
Noctule	NA	Low	Low	NA	Low	NA	Low - Mod	NA	NA	NA	Low	NA
Leisler's bat	NA	Mod	NA	NA	NA	Mod	NA	Low	NA	NA	Low	NA
Brown long-eared	Low - Mod	NA	NA	Low	NA	NA	Low - Mod	Low - Mod	NA	Low	Low	Low
Dist. from turbine (m)	1210	930	300	180	170	70	170	460	125	270	710	575

Source: Ecobat/Natural Power

Protected Mammals

A summary of all protected mammal signs recorded in the Main Wind Farm Area in 2019 and the Primary Proposed Access Route in 2020 are shown in Table 19.

Table 19: Protected mammal survey results in the Proposed Development Area 2019 and 2020

			Confidence		No.	Freshnes		
Date	Grid Reference	Species	of record	Nature of record	signs	s of sign	Status	Comments
26/08/2019	NS 96582 05684	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		Spraint on east side of river
26/08/2019	NS 96594 05748	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		East side of river
26/08/2019	NS 96637 06004	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		East side of river
26/08/2019	NS 96450 05496	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Small burn off main river, slow flowing. Low
26/08/2019	Confidential*	Otter	Possible	Holt	1		Potential	Potential rest site, collapsed bank with void. Bedding and partially eaten frog present
26/08/2019	NS 96428 05161	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		Spraint on east side of river



Data	Crid Beforence	Species	Confidence	Notice of record	No.	Freshnes	Status	Comments
Date	Grid Reference	Species	of record	Nature of record	signs	s of sign	Status	Comments
26/08/2019	NS 96451 05125	Water vole	Possible Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Slow flowing burn off main river. Low/mod potential for water vole
26/08/2019	Confidential*	Otter		Couch	4	Danaut	Potential	Old potential rest site
26/08/2019	NS 96466 05430	Otter	Probable	Feeding sign	1	Recent		
26/08/2019	NS 96573 04810	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent	5	
26/08/2019	NS 96742 04460	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Small slow running burn with banks and vegetation. Low potential
27/08/2019	Confidential*	Otter	Possible	Couch	1	Old	Potential	Potential rest site, no other signs present
27/08/2019	NS 97523 05569	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
27/08/2019	NS 97628 05211	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential for water vole. Stream leads into rushy marshy grassland
27/08/2019	NS 97608 05136	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential for water vole
27/08/2019	NS 97775 04480	Water vole	Possible				Potential	Habitat with low water vole potential
27/08/2019	NS 97698 04604	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
27/08/2019	NS 97574 05060	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential for water vole
27/08/2019	NS 97209 06062	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		
29/08/2019	Confidential*	Otter	Possible	Couch			Potential	Otter rest sites under three slabs next to burn
29/08/2019	NS 98607 08958	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat. 2 small burns with banks and suitable vegetation
29/08/2019	NS 98751 08979	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		Old spraint
29/08/2019	NS 98851 08945	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
29/08/2019	NS 98916 08948	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat. Marshy grassland, dominated by rush. Bank voles present
29/08/2019	NS 98920 08933	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
29/08/2019	NS 99030 08933	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
29/08/2019	NS 99053 08917	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat. No signs present
29/08/2019	NS 99234 08852	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Marshy grassland surrounding small burn. Banks and suitable vegetation. No signs
29/08/2019	NS 99517 08892	Badger	Probable	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		Badger scat, mainly consisting of beetle casings, musty
29/08/2019	NS 99634 08846	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat. Bank voles presents, live sighting, some burrows and feeding signs
29/08/2019	NS 99622 08942	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat, bank vole present
29/08/2019	NS 99714 09041	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat, small burn surrounded by marshy grassland. Bank vole present. Multiple small burns in area leading back to main burn
29/08/2019	NT 00173 09057	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat
29/08/2019	NT 00029 09223	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Low potential water vole habitat, no signs present
15/10/2019	NS 98379 02723	Bank vole	Probable	Feeding sign	1	Recent		Bank vole feeding sign
15/10/2019	NS 98349 02875	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		
15/10/2019	NS 98302 02934	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
15/10/2019	NS 98342 03324	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat	1	Recent	Potential	Low potential, wet flush with mod vegetation, banks and slow flowing water. Bank vole scat seen
15/10/2019	NS 98371 03432	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
15/10/2019	NS 98399 03619	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		
15/10/2019	NS 98412 03727	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		



			Confidence		No.	Freshnes		
Date	Grid Reference	Species	of record	Nature of record	signs	s of sign	Status	Comments
15/10/2019	NS 99212 03188	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat	1	Recent	Potential	Low potential water vole habitat. Good banks, heavily vegetated. Feeding signs found but given lack of other signs considered likely to be bank vole.
18/08/2020	NY 07262 98164	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		Old spraint on rock under bridge.
18/08/2020	NY 07290 98324	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat	1		Potential	Low potential water vole habitat. Good banks and access to river. Bank vole scat present.
18/08/2020	NY 06774 97875	Badger	Definite	Snuffle hole	10	Recent		Snuffle holes in birch shelter belt below track.
18/08/2020	Confidential*	Badger	Definite	Sett	1	Recent	Active	Active single entrance sett, most likely annex/outlier.
18/08/2020	NY 06738 97835	Badger	Definite	Snuffle hole	3	Recent		Up bank from single entrance.
18/08/2020	NY 06733 97841	Badger	Definite	Other	1	Recent	Active	Digging signs, looks like potential sett digging attempt
18/08/2020	Confidential*	Badger	Definite	Sett	1	Recent	Active	Main sett as found in previous survey, can't check for other entrances as on wrong side of fence
18/08/2020	NY 06738 97916	Badger	Definite	Snuffle hole	1	Recent		In birch shelter belt above track.
18/08/2020	NY 06508 97900	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat	2	Recent	Potential	Low potential water vole habitat, some likely bank vole burrows along the bank. Live sighting of bank vole.
18/08/2020	NY 06278 97928	Water vole	Possible	Suitable habitat			Potential	Slow flowing burn with suitable banks and some likely bank vole burrows. Heavily poached by livestock in places.
18/08/2020	NY 06245 97895	Badger	Probable	Other	1	Recent		Digging signs near burn.
18/08/2020	NY 05655 97727	Badger	Possible	Other	1	Recent	Potential	Area dug out. relatively recent but some plants starting to reseed.
18/08/2020	NY 05613 97715	Badger	Probable	Run	1	Recent		Run under fence and down to track.
18/08/2020	NY 05559 97704	Badger	Probable	Run	1	Recent		Run under fence and across to track.
18/08/2020	NY 05261 97656	Reptile sp.	Possible	Hibernacula	1		Potential	Old dry-stone wall bordering track. Starts at NY 05261 97657 ends at NY 05680 97738.
19/08/2020	NY 04364 97561	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	4	Recent		
19/08/2020	NY 04365 97538	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	2	Recent		
19/08/2020	NY 04375 97528	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	1	Recent		
19/08/2020	NY 04334 97484	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	1	Recent		
19/08/2020	NY 04141 97468	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		Under bridge to wind farm.
19/08/2020		Badger	Probable	Feeding sign	1	Recent		Digging signs, uncovered wasp's nest. unable to get photo or accurate grid ref due to angry wasps.
19/08/2020	NY 04247 97235	Water vole	Possible	Feeding sign	1	Recent		
19/08/2020	NY 04310 97181	Otter	Probable	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
19/08/2020	Confidential*	Otter	Probable	Couch	2	Recent	Potential	Potential couch, overhang next to burn with dry land underneath. 2 scats present, 1 recent and 1 old.
19/08/2020	NY 04210 97431	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Recent		next to small pond just up from burn.
19/08/2020	NT 04036 01253	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
19/08/2020	NT 04019 01201	Reptile sp.	Possible	Hibernacula	1		Potential	Dry stone wall at edge of track, potential for reptiles.
19/08/2020	NT 04003 01208	Reptile sp.	Possible	Hibernacula	1		Potential	Dry stone wall next to track.
19/08/2020	NT 03870 01072	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	1	Recent		
20/08/2020	NT 03772 03711							Wind blow blocking access to burn. surveyed up to 100m from track.
20/08/2020	Confidential*	Otter	Possible	Couch		Recent	Potential	Old hollow tree, grass pushed aside. Used by something but no scat or tracks. Potential couch, just above burn.
20/08/2020	NT 02108 05612	Otter	Definite	Spraint/scat	1	Old		
21/08/2020		Bird sp.	Definite	Other	1	Recent		Buzzard feather, plenty of nesting habitat.
21/08/2020	NT 03518 03776	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign		Recent		
21/08/2020	NT 03117 00632	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	4	Recent		



			Confidence		No.	Freshnes		
Date	Grid Reference	Species	of record	Nature of record	signs	s of sign	Status	Comments
26/08/2020	NY 02993 99297	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	2	Recent		
26/08/2020	NY 02857 99905	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	2	Recent		
26/08/2020	NT 02944 00004	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	2	Recent		
26/08/2020	NT 02973 00120	Squirrel	Definite	Feeding sign	1	Recent		Large number of stripped cones under partially fallen tree.



Source: Natural Power
*The locations of otter and badger places of shelter are confidential – see Confidential Figure 6.6 for details of location.